

VOL. XXX

STEVENS POINT, WIS., APR. 3, 1912.

NO. 38

## WALTERS AGAIN MAYOR

**Geo. L. Rogers Chosen Comptroller, L. P. Moen and W. J. Shumway, Assessors, and F. E. Boyer, Treasurer.**

An unusually quiet city election was held in Stevens Point Tuesday. The principal contest was for mayor between the present incumbent, Dr. F. A. Walters, and A. J. Cunneen. La Follette received a majority of votes for president and advises from the state that his delegates have been chosen to the national convention in Chicago. It is believed that Wilson delegates are elected on the Democratic ticket.

The fusion ticket was elected in Milwaukee by 15,000 majority, thus downing the Socialists, who have controlled for two years.

## MAYOR

	Cunneen	Walters
First ward	103	144
Second ward	119	131
Third ward	95	86
Fourth ward	119	260
Fifth ward	77	124
Sixth ward	43	57
Total	556	802

Walters' plurality, 246. John Hebal, Social Democrat candidate for mayor, received a total of 88 votes.

## COMPTROLLER

	Langosky	Rogers
First ward	46	194
Second ward	31	212
Third ward	34	147
Fourth ward	250	121
Fifth ward	24	61
Sixth ward	18	79
Total	403	814

Rogers' majority, 411.



MAYOR F. A. WALTERS.

For justice of the peace the vote by wards was as follows: F. Boyanowski, 79; 47, 38, 220, 33, 25—total, 442. J. B. Carpenter, 161, 203, 133, 114, 140, 65—total, 816. R. M. Frydrykowicz, 74, 50, 54, 265, 22, 20—total, 485. G. L. Park, 166, 180, 138, 153, 113, 58—total, 803. Jas. Wilson, 77, 81, 54, 42, 66, 27—total, 347.

Carpenter, Frydrykowicz and Park were elected.

## CONSTABLE

	Corda	Sellers
First ward	59	139
Second ward	25	197
Third ward	31	115
Fourth ward	260	72
Fifth ward	31	131
Sixth ward	22	57
Total	428	711

Sellers' plurality, 283.

For treasurer, J. R. Sawtell, the Social Democrat candidate, received 236 votes.

For constable, F. A. Walters, received 129 votes.

F. L. Jarvis, one of the Social Democrats running for assessor, received 172 votes in the various wards, and L. P. Schweieler, for the same office, polled 129 votes. The two candidates elected for these positions, are L. P. Moen and F. L. Shumway. Moen received 1,001 votes and Shumway 759. Adelbert Strong, who ran as a Social Democrat for constable, received 129 votes.

For alderman in the First ward Alex Wallace was elected over Irving S. Hull by 33 majority, the vote being 131 to 98. S. Docka, Social Democrat, received 13 votes.

G. L. Park was chosen First ward supervisor without opposition.

Louis Port had no opponent for Second ward alderman and G. K. Mansur defeated Paul Schadewald for supervisor by a vote of 211 to 28.

V. P. Atwell will represent the Third ward as alderman, he receiving 143 votes to 36 for John W. Goodrich. F. M. Playman, the only candidate for supervisor, polled 165 votes. Anton Firkus was re-elected alderman of the Fourth ward. The vote was: Firkus 181, Joe Mattise 34, Adam Manczewski 53, Joe Milcharek 115. Joe Mozuch polled 303 votes for supervisor.

John Leahy will succeed Albert E. Redfield as Fifth ward alderman, defeating the latter by a vote of 115 to 86, or 29 majority. J. B. Carpenter was again elected supervisor, getting 161 votes.

For alderman in the Sixth ward, R. S. Sparks was again elected, the vote being as follows: Sparks 51, Fred Stiebel 38, C. G. Foerster 19, G. D. Aldrich defeated Peter Lind for supervisor, the vote being 81 to 23.

## JUDICIAL

	B. B. Park
First ward	245
Second ward	258
Third ward	183
Fourth ward	303
Fifth ward	167
Sixth ward	107
Total	1,263

## Beal Lake Looking Up.

Chas. H. Curtis returned this morning from Newport, Wash., where he devoted a couple of weeks to inspecting property owned by the Beal Lake Mining Co. and assisting in the purchase of seven more mining claims, making a total of twenty claims now owned by the Beal Lake people. He comes back more highly enthused than ever and predicts that the stock will be worth par within a year. A display of ore will be placed in Taylor's drug store window.

## Doctors Will Talk.

Next Saturday afternoon's meeting of the Woman's Club will be another open one and the public is cordially invited to attend. The program to be carried out will be of especial interest to parents, whose presence is earnestly desired. Dr. Southwick will give a talk on "The Care and Development of Children from Childhood to Maturity," and Dr. J. M. Bischoff will talk on the care of the teeth in general, making a special plea for the systematic examination of the teeth of school children.

## The Teachers Come Home.

The Misses Edith Hamacker, Minnie and Mabel Sustins, Rosetta Johnson and Emma Lien, all of Wausau, Mable Reading of Neenah, Mattie Larson of Stanley, Genevieve Clifford of Washburn, Theresa Gleason of Rosenthal, Kenneth Halverson of Milladore, Anna Zimmer of Green Bay, Florence Whitney of St. Paul, Inez Whitney of Jefferson, Mae Curran of Marshfield and Georgia Barrows of Chippewa Falls are spending the spring vacation at their respective homes in this city from their duties as teachers.

## Easter at Presbyterian Church.

The Presbyterian Sunday school will conduct special Easter services at 9:30 o'clock next Sunday morning. At 10:45 o'clock the pastor, Rev. John A. Stemen, will speak on "The Message of Immortality," and appropriate music in honor of the day will be rendered by the choir.

Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock the members of Crusade Commandery, K.T., and their friends will attend services at this church and listen to Rev. Stemen's address in "The Knights of the Cross as Easter Pilgrims." There will also be special musical features at this time.

The young people will hold services at 6:30 p.m. and an hour later will begin a sacred concert, music being furnished by a chorus choir and soloists. The public is invited to these services.

## FOUR SCORE AND TWO

**Mrs. Thos. Kirby, Portage County Pioneer, Dies at Her Home in Buena Vista Township.**

Mrs. Thos. Kirby, a true pioneer of Portage county and for over half a century a resident of Buena Vista township, died at her home last week Tuesday afternoon at 3 o'clock. She contracted a severe cold a few days before, which brought on other complications, and because of her advanced age she was unable to rally. Mr. Kirby is in such poor health that he was unable to attend the funeral.

Besides her husband, she leaves three grandchildren and eleven great grand children. The first mentioned are Geo. H. Corrigan, who lives near the old home in Buena Vista, Mrs. F. R. Poust of Lanark, Mrs. O. E. Carpenter of Buena Vista.

Bridget Birmingham was born in County Mayo, Ireland, in 1830, therefore she was about 82 years of age. The family emigrated to America and the young lady was married in 1854 at Cambridge, Mass., to Thomas Kirby. Coming west to Stevens Point they lived for a time on the west side of the Wisconsin river, then going to the south part of Buena Vista and had since been engaged in farming.

Nine children were born to Mr. and Mrs. Kirby, eight of whom died in infancy. A daughter, Mrs. Geo. H. Corrigan, who passed away in 1884 at the age of 27 years.

Funeral services were held at St. Patrick's church, Lanark, last Thursday morning at 10 o'clock, Rev. J. E. Meagher officiating. Interment followed in the parish cemetery. Pall-bearers were Edward and Michael Hopkins, John Gray, Michael Tobin, Alfred Wanty and Thos. Hanley.

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JUDICIAL

B. B. Park

First ward

Second ward

Third ward

Fourth ward

Fifth ward

Sixth ward

Total

## HIMLEY TO BE CASHIER

**Forest County Man Will Manage New State Bank at Arnott—May Open Soon.**

Stockholders in the new State bank at Arnott are now paying for their shares and it is expected that the details of this \$10,000 organization will be completed within a few days. The matter of securing temporary quarters is being discussed so that the bank may begin business on or before May 1st. Should this not be deemed advisable, the new institution will open by June 1st in its own building, plans for which have been approved. The new structure will be of solid brick, 24x30 feet in dimensions, the front of red pressed brick and stone trimmings. A spacious lobby will occupy one side, at the rear of which is the directors room. About two-thirds of the floor space will be devoted to the working quarters and the vault, the latter occupying a space 8x8 feet.

A manganese steel safe with screw door and guaranteed burglar proof will be placed within the vault.

C. G. Himley, for eight years county clerk of Forest county, has come from Crandon to accept the cashiership of the Arnott bank. He will also be the heaviest stockholder. Those who will serve as directors are Chas. Breitenstein, John A. Werachowski, Elmer J. Carley, Andrew Yokers, Sr., A. F. Neuman, Arthur Raymond and C. S. Orthman. The latter is assistant cashier of the Citizens National bank in this city, the others being prominent farmers or merchants at and near Arnott.

Mr. Breitenstein has been selected as president, Mr. Carley as first vice president, Mr. Orthman as second vice president.

Mr. Himley, the new cashier, was a former school teacher, but of late has been connected with the Wabeno State bank.

## Typewriting Contest.

The first of a series of tests in typewriting was given Tuesday morning at the Stevens Point Business College for the purpose of awarding a medal offered by the Remington Typewriter Company. These tests are to be given once in two weeks and about the first of June the student showing the best progress in accuracy, neatness, arrangement and speed in typewriting will receive the gold medal.

Considerable enthusiasm has already been shown, and it is hoped that at the next test several others may decide to join the twelve who have now entered the contest.

## Easter at M. E. Church.

Easter services at the Methodist church will be held as follows: Sunday school at 9:45 o'clock; preaching by the pastor, Rev. Thomas A. North, at 10:45 o'clock, the subject being "The Easter Joy." The choir will sing Easter anthems and appropriate solos. In the evening the chorus choir will sing Ashford's Easter Cantata, "The Resurrection Light."

The soloists who will take part at this time are George Smalley, tenor, Joseph Kimball, baritone, Valentine Putz, bass, Miss Mae Stanton, soprano, and Miss Mildred Kelsey, alto; and the quartet will be composed of Mac Stanton, Margaret Tozier, Mildred Kelsey, Fred Wilson and Valentine Putz. Miss Etta Bloz will act as accompanist. The public is cordially invited to all of the Sunday services.

## High School Notes.

School will close Friday for the Easter vacation of one week.

Misses Mae Curran and Anna Mason were visitors Tuesday morning.

The Juniors are busy making banners for decoration at the Prom.

At meeting of the Senior class last Friday after school, the following committee was selected to choose the staff for the Senior issue of "The Nooz": Doris Mason, Helen Empey, Earl Heil, Miss Graham and Miss Dunning.

The following program was carried out at the meeting of the Literary society last Thursday evening:

Piano duet..... Louise Southwick, Veda Parker Reading..... Lorraine Oster Current Events..... Pearl Bunin, Aurella Kimball, Emanuel Wiesner, Emily Hafsoos.

Vocal Duet..... Mildred Merry, Helen Diamond

Origin of All Fool's Day..... Ruth Hudson

## Tragesser Will Make Good.

Stevens Point base ball fans will remember Tragesser, who caught for the local team last year. He finished the season with the St. Paul team of the American Association, and has been engaged for the coming season. This club had been in training at Little Rock, Ark., for several weeks. Last Sunday's St. Paul Pioneer Press gives "Trag" this very kind mention:

Walter Tragesser, former Purdue university baseball star, is hitting the ball nicely for the Saints and the big backstop is making a hard fight for a place on the Kelley club. Although he was with the Saints a few weeks at the close of the 1911 season, Tragesser was not given a chance to show anything, but from present indications he is going to give all of the catchers a fight. He has been working well behind the bat and his throwing arm seems to be in fair condition

# EXTRA

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## COMING SOON

RELIABLE SPECIALISTS WITH A WORLD WIDE REPUTATION

### BATTLE CREEK DOCTORS

WILL BE HERE  
ONE DAY ONLY  
ON DATE GIVEN BELOW

**NOTED SPECIALISTS**  
WHOSE MANY CURES HAVE NEVER BEEN EQUALLED BY ANY OTHER PHYSICIAN OFFER THEIR SERVICES—THIS TIME—  
**FREE TO THE SICK**

**The Battle Creek Doctors**  
Licensed by the State for the treatment of all Curable, Chronic Diseases of Men, Women and Children, offer to all who call, this visit, on the day, date and during the hours given below, consultation, examination, advice and all medical services required until cured, absolutely free of charge. These valuable services are free to every person treated who will state the result obtained to friends so the sick and afflicted in every city and locality may know that at last treatments have been discovered that are absolutely sure and certain in their effect.

**Those Doctors** are considered America's leading Stomach and Nerve Specialists and cure all Chronic Diseases that can be cured. They cure many that others consider incurable. Desperately Chronic Cases are their specialty. They like to begin where the family doctor fails. They have probably had more experience, more success, both in Europe and in America than any doctor you ever saw.

**You May Go to Them** knowing that they have treated case after case just like yours. You can rest assured that they understand your disease and its treatment thoroughly and will make no mistake. From the moment you place your case in their hands you can look forward to a complete recovery.

**Curable Diseases** of the Stomach, Liver, Kidneys, Heart, Lungs, Nerves, and Rheumatism, Diabetes, Dropsy, Epileptic Fits, Eczema, Enlarged Veins, Bladder Complaints, Skin and Blood Diseases, Bedwetting Children and all Constitutional, Internal Diseases of Men, Women and Children are Treated the **PERFECT**—Battle Creek Way.

**Leg Ulcers** positively cured by a new system that never fails.

**Wonderful Treatment** for Asthma, Catarrh and Deafness.

**Be careful! Do not be misled!** Not one person in twenty having APPENDICITIS, GALL STONES, GOITRE OR PILLES, needs an operation. WHEN IN DOUBT consult these Reliable Specialists who so successfully treat these dangerous diseases without operations.

**No Matter** what others may have told you about the hopelessness of your case, if your future health is at stake, then see them at once. DON'T GIVE UP—GO! Have it forever settled in your mind, if your case is curable they will cure you, if incurable they will advise you how you may prolong your life.

**This Offer is Made** in order to advertise the great BATTLE CREEK SYSTEM of treatment which is known all over the world for its Many Wonderfull Cures, and which has lifted so many from the depths of disease and despair to the heights of health and happiness—**AND WHY NOT YOU?**

**Married Ladies** must come with their husbands when calling.

**THE BATTLE CREEK SPECIALIST WILL BE AT THE**

**Hotel Sellers, Stevens Point**

Just Four Hours This Visit  
From 1 p. m. until 5 p. m.

**Wednesday, Apr. 17**  
Returning Every Six Weeks

### Land Opening.

On April 22d the fourth unit of the Shoshone irrigation project in Wyoming will be opened to homestead entry by the government. This unit lies to the north and west of the town of Powell, and contains some of the finest land on the project. The farms are mostly 80 acres each, and homeseekers are invited to investigate the opportunity afforded by this opening.

About five hundred families are already established on the first three units and have built roads, schools and churches. The project has railroad facilities, rural delivery, telephones, and there are thriving towns at short intervals.

The Shoshone project lies in a region of great scenic beauty with a delightful and healthful climate and a fertile soil. The Reclamation Service at Washington, D. C., has prepared a booklet fully describing this section and giving detailed information as to methods of acquiring these farms. This will be sent free upon request.

The Shoshone project is believed to be one of the best sections in the west for general farming. It is a fine dairy country. The farmers are now shipping an average of \$1,500 worth of cream to Billings. A new creamery is under way at Cody. Alfalfa is the main crop, producing from 3 to 6 tons per annum. The new alfalfa meal mill at Powell will pay the farmers under contract \$6.50 per ton more at the mill for a period of five years. Another profitable crop is sugar beets.

### STICK TO THE ORDER

Great Commander John W. Brown Gives Some Good Common Sense Advice to Modern Woodmen.

Editor of The Gazette: I have read with pleasure the item published in your recent issue concerning state supervision of fraternal beneficiary societies, and although not a member of the Modern Woodmen of America, I wish to say that this supervision is not confined to that order alone, but is a general practice.

I presume, however, that the spirit that prompted those lines was the fact that all sorts of arguments are being used to win the members of that order from their allegiance, and I regret to think that any reasonable man can be led away from the right by some blatant agitator who is either maliciously trying to disturb the public peace, or has a personal object in so doing.

The reason for the change of rates in that order is because of the adoption in many states of our union of the Mobile bill. This bill was framed by the insurance commissioners of America, approved by the National Fraternal Congress and the Associated Fraternities, these two bodies alone representing over six millions of members, and was enacted into a law by the votes of our State Senators and Representatives in the interests of the working classes.

And yet with all this expert authority, some demagogue arises and says it is all wrong, that all these wise men who helped to make and pass this bill are foolish and that he, the demagogue, is right, and if the million and a quarter of members of this great order will follow him he will lead them on to a sure haven at a reduced rate, and altho he knows nothing of adequacy or permanency, and cares less, although he says that mortality tables and current cost is Greek to him, still in order to keep himself before the people he must agitate.

Members of the Modern Woodmen, think carefully before you listen to this man, and before you follow his advice be sure that he can guarantee what he offers you. Find out whether he has a dispensation from God Almighty that will lessen the death rate and hence the cost of your insurance, and if he cannot satisfy you as to this, shun him as you would anyone who is trying to rob your wives and little ones of the protection your order gives them.

Ordinary business foresight demands the change your order has made and ten years from now you will be glad that this time has come. The order which I more particularly represent passed through the crisis of rate changing eight years ago, and now you could not find one intelligent member who would go back to the old cheap and unreliable plan, and so it will be with the members of your association after they have calmly thought over the situation.

Your officers and representatives have done the only thing they could do, and be honest with you and themselves, and instead of running after some phantom wind bag, stick to the order that has done so much for the American home in the past and is now seeking to perpetuate itself and devise a method that will enable it to pay all its claims at one hundred cents on the dollar.

Yours truly,  
John W. Brown,  
Great Commander Knights of the Maccabees.  
Stevens Point, March 30, 1912.

### ACTUAL STARVATION

#### Facts About Indigestion and Its Relief That Should Interest You.

Although indigestion and dyspepsia are so prevalent, most people do not thoroughly understand their cause and cure. There is no reason why most people should not eat anything they desire—if they will only chew it carefully and thoroughly. Many actually starve themselves into sickness through fear of eating very good-looking, good-smelling and good-tasting food, because it does not agree with them.

The best thing to do is to fit yourself to digest any good food.

We believe we can relieve dyspepsia. We are so confident of this fact that we guarantee and promise to supply the medicine free of all cost to every one who will use it, who is not perfectly satisfied with the results which it produces.

We want every one troubled with indigestion or dyspepsia in any form to come to our store and buy a box of Rexall Dyspepsia Tablets. Take them home and give them a reasonable trial, according to directions. Then, if not satisfied, come to us and get your money back. They are very pleasant to take; they aid to soothe the irritable stomach, to strengthen and invigorate the digestive organs, and to promote a healthy and natural bowel action, thus leading to perfect and healthy digestion and assimilation.

25 cent package of Rexall Dyspepsia Tablets furnishes 15 days' treatment. In ordinary cases, this is sufficient to produce a cure. In more chronic cases, a longer treatment, of course, is necessary, and depends upon the severity of the trouble. For such cases, we have two larger sizes which sell for 50¢ and \$1.00. Remember, you can obtain Rexall Remedies in this community only at our store—The Rexall Store. Alex Krembs Jr. Drug Co., corner Main street and Strong's avenue.

#### Notice to Water Consumers.

The water rates for April 1 to July 1 were due Monday. All rates must be paid at the office, 117 North Third street, before April 20. No flat rate bills will be delivered. Office hours 8 to 12 and 1 to 6.

#### Take Notice.

All persons are hereby notified not to trust or give credit to my wife, Ellen Dunn, on my account, as I will pay no debts of her contracting.

Dated Lanark, Wis., Mar. 30, 1912.

PATRICK DUNN.

The weather is getting warmer; now is the time to inspect your house and if it needs painting on the outside, you can get a guaranteed paint at this store for \$2.00 per gallon. V. S. Prais, 503-511 Main street.

### Local Notes.

For rent—Several desirable homes. E. W. Sellers, 200 Clark street.

Gas or gasoline engine, in good condition, for sale at a bargain. Enquire at this office.

Langenberg's art store is receiving a new line of fancy work this week. Call and see these goods.

C. A. Cooper was the guest of his brother, T. J. Cooper, at Grand Rapids for several days last week.

When in need of art material for fancy work, call at Langenberg's art store, 147 Main street. Tel. red 82.

For sale, 8 room house, corner George and Ellis streets. Modern improvements, except furnace. J. J. Heffron, 313 Clark street, city.

Parties desirous of employing competent bookkeepers, stenographers or office assistants, call, write or telephone Stevens Point Business College.

Notice is hereby given that a business meeting will be held at the Seventh Day Adventist church, Apr. 6, 1912, at 7:30 p. m., for the purpose of electing trustees.

Mr. and Mrs. Robt. Maine moved from Church street to the corner of Strong's avenue and Mill street, last week, where they will reside with the former's brother, George Maine.

Wm. Tobin, who has spent the past several years in Saskatchewan, Western Canada, has been visiting his brother, M. J., in this city, and among relatives in Lanark for several days.

Beware of imitators. If you want to order wood or coal, ring up telephone 54; when ordering wood or coal from a teamster on the street be sure that Olsen's name is on the wagon box.

Have you read in ladies' magazines about the Spirella corset? Spirella boning never rusts nor breaks. So flexible it can be tied into a knot, yet permanently retains its shape. Send a card or phone Mrs. J. Bourier, corsetiere, 617 Elm street, Stevens Point, Wis.

Lyle Hackett, son of Mr. and Mrs. N. B. Hackett, was one of our High school graduating class who received honorable mention for standing over 90 in his studies during the past four years. His name was not mentioned until Thursday, as his standings had not been received from Wausau, where he attended school prior to this year.

Mrs. Fern A. Walker, who with her mother, Mrs. W. F. Atwell, has been spending the winter in Chicago, suffered from an attack of appendicitis last week, and an examination showed that the appendix had been ruptured and an abscess had formed. Therefore, no operation could be performed at this time, but Mrs. Walker is reported to be doing nicely.

### Seed Oats.

We just unloaded two cars of choice white oats for seed. Have sent sample to Madison to be tested. We also get one car of yellow oats for seed in about a week. Call at our mill.

Page Milling Co. 2w

### Teachers' Examinations.

Office of County Superintendent of Schools, Portage county, Stevens Point, Wis., March 26, 1912.

To the Teachers of Portage County: Examinations for teachers' certificates in Portage county will be held as follows:

Stevens Point, April 9, 10, 11 and 12. Amherst, April 16 and 17. Plover, April 17 and 18. Almond, April 23 and 24.

The branches for the third grade certificate will be given at all of the places named above. The second branches, physical geography, American literature, English composition and cataloging and use of libraries, will be given only at Stevens Point, April 11. The first grade branches, English literature, algebra, theory and art of teaching, physics and English history, will be given only at Stevens Point, April 12.

All applicants are required to make plans according to schedule. Examinations will be held at school houses and will begin at 9 o'clock. Please do not fail to supply yourselves with legal cap paper, pens, ink, lead pencils, etc.

Frances C. Bannach, Co. Supt.

### When Pride is Justified.

Far too many mortals are vain and self-satisfied because of some temporary mercenary advantage, and in their eagerness to display that advantage at every opportunity often destroy their greatest blessing, their physical counterpart of sunshine, which is their own health. Neglected colds, irregular meals, overloaded stomachs and night revelry result in shattered nerves, depressed vigor and fatigue, all of which invite decline and disease.

Each person stands sentinel at the portals of his own health and he who guards, protects, strengthens and builds up a rugged constitution is justified in pride and finds therein his own recompense—the capacity to enjoy the fullness of life.

The strain of modern commercial and social living taxes strength and energy and in maintaining the highest self-efficiency we should not only cultivate deep breathing, out of door exercise, regularity and temperance in all things, but study the greatest of all physical power-creators, which is body nourishment. In this, alcoholic preparations should be carefully shunned and such pre-digested nourishment as Scott's Emulsion, which enriches the blood and creates vitality by building, healing and strengthening, should be selected.

Scott's Emulsion is scientifically prepared and is good for teething babies, nursing mothers, growing children, the aged and infirm. It contains no wine or stimulant, but is wholesome and pure and has helped millions to regain health and sustain it. Worthless substitutes are sometimes offered, but Scott's Emulsion is the genuine pure food-medicine.

### The Record-Herald.

If any of our rural readers wish the Daily Chicago Record-Herald, one of the most reliable papers printed, in connection with The Gazette, the price for both is \$4.25 or only 25 cents more than the regular price of the former. These terms are only for people residing on rural routes in Wisconsin.

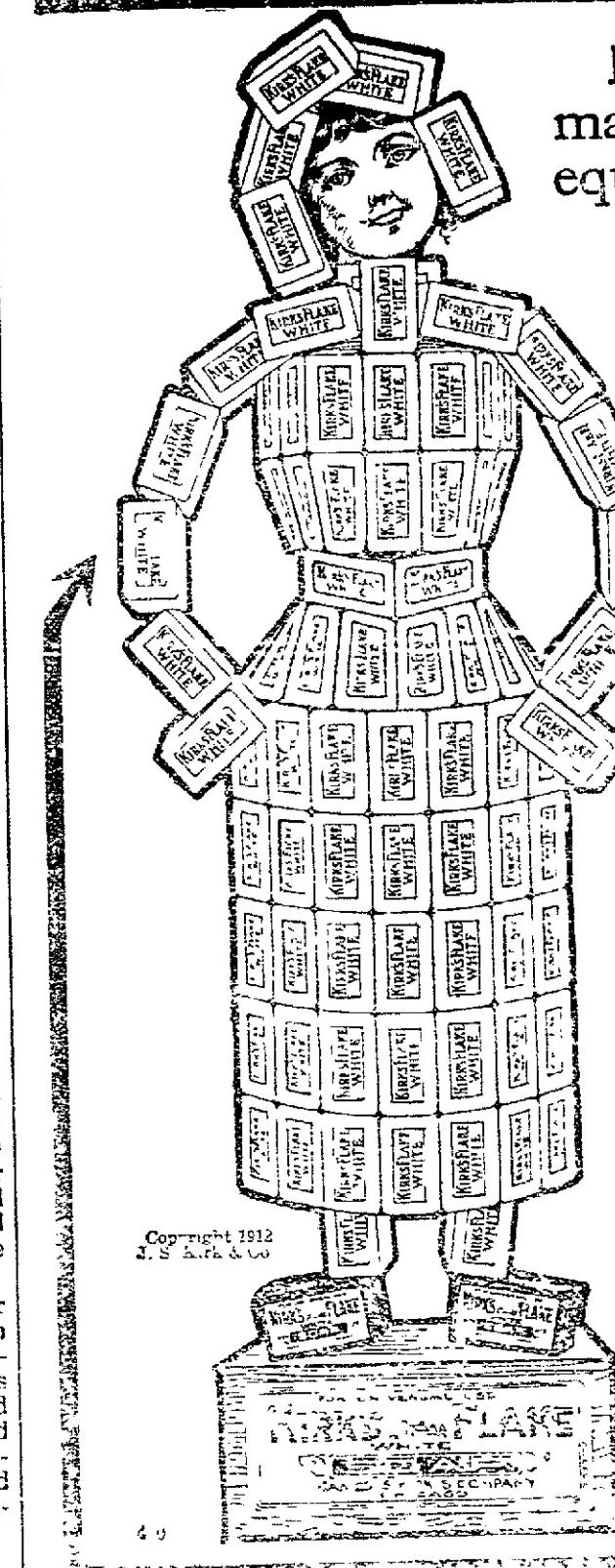
The weather is getting warmer; now is the time to inspect your house and if it needs painting on the outside, you can get a guaranteed paint at this store for \$2.00 per gallon. V. S. Prais, 503-511 Main street.

# Kirk's Flake White Soap

### Saves Work

### Saves Money

### Saves Clothes



Made from clean, sweet, aromatic vegetable oils only. It is equally effective in cold or hot water, with or without boiling the clothes.

### For Laundry and Household Use

Kirk's FLAKE (white) is adapted for the rough work of the household and laundry and for washing the most delicate fabrics, laces and woolens. It will do all the work of the household so much better, whiter, cleaner, sweeter, quicker and easier than other soaps.

Buy the first cake because we tell you to and you will buy the second because you like it.

### "Every Atom Cleanses"

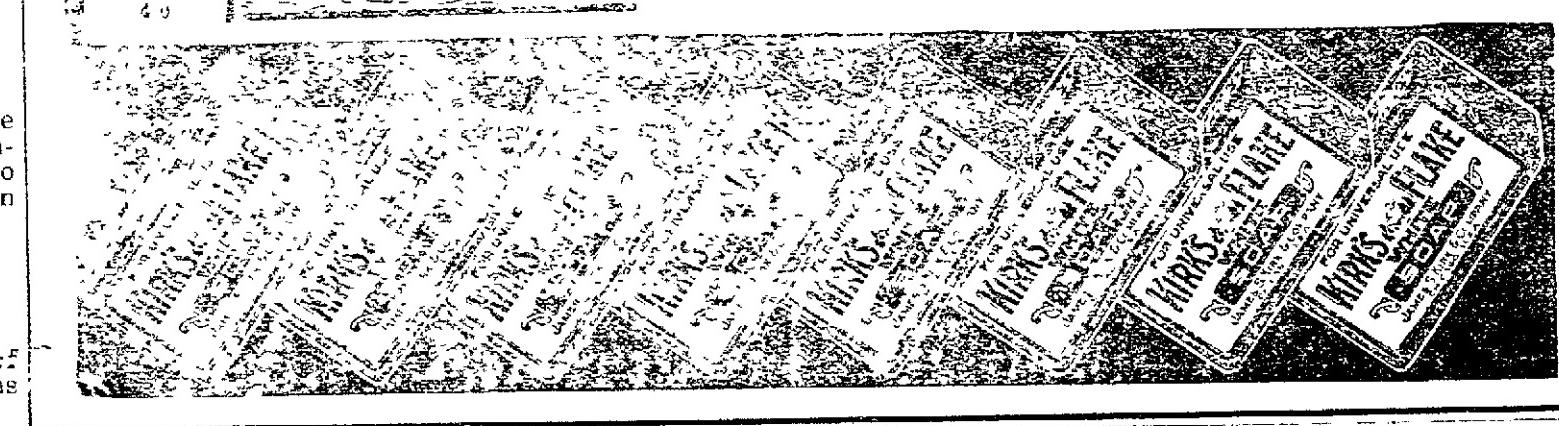
### Save Your Wrappers for Valuable Premiums

Write for Premium List.



Over 70 Years of Scientific Soap Making.

Use JAP ROSE (Transparent) SOAP for the toilet and bath.



### Rural Parcels Post.

The advocates of the rural parcels post claim that this system of merchandise transportation would enable the farmer to have small packages of merchandise delivered at his mail box at full value whenever you desire.

You appreciate the fact that the farmer trade keeps up the country town and that any system—such as the parcels post—which will divert the farmer trade from the country town to the big city will ruin the country town.

If the country town is ruined, the farmer's home market will be destroyed or at least very seriously impaired. Property values in the country towns would certainly depreciate as store after store was forced out of business and greater burdens of taxation would be placed upon the farmers' shoulders. Lack of funds raised by taxation would curtail the schools of the country towns. Churches now so largely supported by the home merchants could no longer be kept supplied with ministers, unless the farmer members heavily increased their contributions.

Public spirit would be destroyed, public institutions would suffer and public improvement become a thing of the past.

The plain fact is that the interests of the farmer and the home merchant are mutual. They are partners in the business of production and distribution—in the upbuilding and maintenance of the best possible home market.

And the best home market is one that buys everything the farmer has to sell at top market prices and sells him everything he needs at fair competitive prices.

Therefore, Mr. Farmer, stand by your home merchants now as you would expect them to stand by you. In doing this you are conserving your best interests.—Trade Exhibit.

Did you get a set of Gazette maps?

**Drs. C. von Kupert,  
PHYSICIANS and SURGEONS**  
Surgical Operations.  
Female Diseases a Specialty  
Office over Dr. C. von Kupert, Telephone 68-  
Res. Univ., 10th St. Opp. Court House  
Telephone 8.

**E. H. ROGERS, M. D.**  
Physician and Surgeon,  
519 Clark Street, Tel. 57.  
X-ray and electrical work done.  
All professional calls answered promptly.

**R. B. SMILEY, M. D.**  
Physician & Surgeon  
711 Church Street, Stevens Point, Wis.  
Telephone, Red 110.  
Office hours, 10 to 12 a. m., 2 to 4, 7 to 9 p. m.

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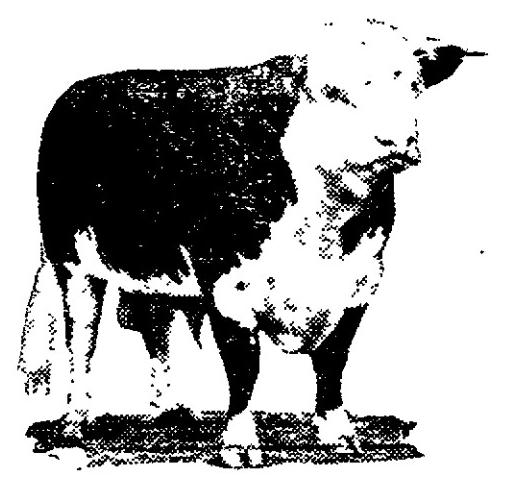
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**THE GAZETTE,**  
STEVENS POINT, WIS.

## HEREFORDS AS BEEF PRODUCERS.

In the following remarks I intend no disparaging statements to the other beef breeds—they are all good—and I think it would not take a deep student of animal industry to pick out some trait in each breed that would perhaps excel either of the other beef breeds in that particular. There is one common ground on which we can all meet, and that is for the betterment of our beef animals generally both on the farm and the range and can all join hands in the constant fight against the scrub, writes J. E. Painter in Kansas Farmer.

In the above mentioned fight the Hereford scores a big point over all



Herefords are a prolific breed. The bulls and cows are all sure and regular breeders. The bulls are active and attentive and remain so until of great age. The cows remain productive often up to fifteen years of age, and many of them are known to have dropped calves at the age of twenty or even twenty-five. A good Hereford bull will sire more calves from a given number of cows in a period of years than any other sort of bull, and a Hereford cow will remain "in business" longer than any other sort. The Hereford pictured shows the characteristic points of good beef cattle.

other breeds. None will compare with him to grade up a bunch of inferior cattle, none will stamp their get so uniformly and generally, none will cross on all colors and shapes with such good results, and sires from no other breed will get as large a percentage of calves under range conditions, adverse or otherwise, as the Hereford.

The Hereford is a natural born grazer and rustler and has the habit of adapting himself to conditions as he finds them. He makes himself at home in the west, the southwest or northwest, where grasses are often short and scattered, water not too plenty and the extremes of climate often, to say the least, not the most comfortable. Nevertheless, he adapts himself naturally to what he finds, turns out, makes the best of it and gets down to business.

The prominence and recognition the Hereford enjoys today are not due to boasting nor to the bolstering up by a rich breed association, but has been won inch by inch strictly on his merits as a grazer, breeder, feeder, butcher carcass and money maker generally. Further, I think I could state without fear of contradiction that the Hereford breed of cattle are the nearest to being immune from disease, especially tuberculosis, of any recognized breed of cattle on the American continent today.

The Hereford as a beef animal is ready to put in the feed lot at any age and will have been fitted and gone to the butcher before the calf from the dual purpose cow has grown sufficiently to put in the feed lot.

The Hereford gives enough milk and/or rich enough quality to raise its offspring in fine shape, and this is all that can be claimed for the Scotch Short-horns, which are the beef models of that breed today.

Protecting Cheeses by Paraffin. Nearly all cheese of the cheddar type made in the United States is paraffined before it reaches the public. Yet it is not more than six years since it became a general practice, and it is less than ten years that paraffining to protect from loss of weight was first brought to the attention of cheese handlers.

At first the process was followed in order to improve the appearance, but when it was found that the protecting coat of paraffin to a great extent prevented the considerable loss of weight by evaporation it became the usual treatment. A circular issued by the department of agriculture at Washington discussing the methods and results of paraffining cheese concludes that it is an effective way of preventing losses in weight and the growth of mold; that from one to ten seconds in a paraffin bath at 220 degrees is sufficient; that treatment on the third day after coming from the press gives the best results, and that cheese should not be allowed to remain in a warm curing room for more than one day after paraffining.

Rusted Straw is Better. Straw affected by red or black rust has a higher feeding value than straw which is free from rust, according to Professor W. B. Richards.

The reason assigned is that the rust has prevented the sap of the plant from going to and developing the grain, and hence rusted straw is not only greener, but has more feeding value.

Animals receive no injury from eating rusted straw, and many times it can be used to advantage in winter feeding operations. It should not be used as the entire ration, however, as it has too much cellulose for the digestive apparatus to properly care for, but when fed with bran, oats, roots, alfalfa or other laxative feeds it makes a good winter ration for cattle.



**JESUS' SOUL RESURRECTED.**

I Corinthians xv, 1-11—April 7.  
Text: "This Jesus hath God raised up, whereof we are all witnesses."—Acts ii, 32.

ODAY, appropriate to the Easter season, we are to consider our Lord's resurrection. At the very outset we are confronted with certain errors which have gradually crystallized around the central truths of God's Word. One of these errors is the supposition that the resurrection of the dead, which the Scriptures hold forth as the hope of the Church and of the world, is to be a resurrection of the bodies which go down into death.

This mistake has given ground for infidelity to sneer at this precious doctrine of the Bible. We are asked, How could the dust which once constituted the bodies of thousands of millions of humanity ever be re-collected and rearranged so that we could say that those bodies were resurrected? The infidel urges that

"He is risen."

many of humanity have been eaten by fishes and animals, and many other corpses have been absorbed by vegetation, which in turn has been eaten time and again by man and beast, entering into the many organisms. The proposition is manifestly unanswerable, yet it does not refute the Bible teaching of the resurrection, but merely our creedal misapprehensions of the Bible teaching. What the Bible does teach is that the real man is the soul, the being, and that he persists while gradually his body keeps changing—sloughing off. Scientists estimate that the human body undergoes a complete change every seven years. According to the Bible the process of rejuvenation would have continued everlasting, had man continued by obedience in Divine favor and in enjoyment of the everlasting life promised. It was sin that brought the death penalty—the death of the soul. It was Adam's soul that sinned, it was Adam's soul that died—"In the day that thou eateth thereof thou shalt surely die." The soul that sinneth it shall die.

Christ's Death and Resurrection Makes Future Life Possible.

The result of this Divine sentence upon man would have been extinction—he would have been on the same plane as the brute without any hope for eternal life, had not God in great mercy provided a redemption—that Jesus Christ by the grace of God should taste death for every man. The death which Jesus experienced was exactly the same kind as the one which destroyed Adam—the soul of Jesus died as the ransom-price for the soul of Adam (including Adam's posterity). Thus we read of Jesus, "He poured out His soul unto death; He made His soul an offering for sin."

It is by virtue of this corresponding price which Jesus paid that ultimately Adam and all of his posterity, every soul of man, will be granted a release from the death penalty—a resurrection from the dead—not of the dead bodies, but of the dead souls. In the resurrection God will give to each soul a body as it has pleased Him.—Corinthians xv, 38.

The few during this Age who have become the followers of Jesus, begotten of the Holy Spirit, will be granted spirit bodies like to the Savior's. The remainder of mankind, not having been begotten of the Holy Spirit, will in the resurrection be granted human bodies, the same as they previously had; and their raising up will bring them eventually to all the perfection of the first Adam, unless they refuse the grace of God, in which event they will die the Second Death, from which there is to be no resurrection.

Jesus' Soul Resurrected.

St. Peter, on the Day of Pentecost, laid stress upon the fact of Christ's resurrection, and he reminds us that this was foretold. The Prophet David declared, "Thou wilt not leave My soul

in sheol, nor suffer Thine Holy One to see corruption"—Acts ii, 27.

St. Peter's quotation of this, in the Greek, substitutes the word *hades* for *sheol*, showing that the

*The walk to Emmaus*. words were a prophecy of the resurrection of Jesus—that His soul, poured out in death as the redemption price for Adam's soul and for the race, was not left in death, in *sheol*, in *hades*, but was raised from the dead.

St. Paul tells us that "He was put to death in flesh, but quickened in spirit." He declared that Jesus, in His resurrection, was exalted to a higher than human nature—"far above angels and principalities and powers"—the divine nature.

As angels could materialize and appear in the flesh and disappear, and had done so in the past, so did Jesus. In order that His disciples might not misunderstand He appeared in different forms—on two of the occasions, in forms representing the crucified One. On the other six occasions, in various forms, as the gardener, the sojourner, etc.

## CARE OF ROADSIDES IS AN IMPORTANT FACTOR.

Remove All Rubbish to Make Highway Attractive.

No matter how smooth and well constructed the traveled road may be, if the roadsides are not cared for the highway as a whole will not give a good impression. All rubbish should be removed, the excavations should be filled and embankments smoothed and planted with grass wherever it will grow. Unsightly brush should be cut and grubbed out. Sometimes, however, the brush and small trees if suitably trimmed add to the attractiveness of the roadside.

All trees which are ornamental or which have value as shade trees should be preserved and protected unless they grow so close together as to make a dense shade. In hot, dry climates particularly and indeed in most places trees are a considerable factor in reducing the cost of maintenance since they lessen the evaporation of the moisture from the macadam. In exposed places, where the sweep of the wind would be otherwise unbroken, they serve to prevent in a measure the blowing away of the binder from the road surface. Unfortunately in such places it is often difficult to make trees grow. Care in the selection of the kinds of trees best suited to the locality is important.

## IMPROVE HIGHWAY SYSTEM.

Minnesota Legislature Passes Bill Providing For State Roads Plan.

Planned, built and kept in repair under supervision of expert engineers employed by the state highway commission the roads designated as state roads in five years will, it is claimed, give Minnesota the best system of highways in the entire country.

The Dunn good roads bill, passed at the last session of the legislature, provides for a constitutional amendment levying a quarter mill tax for the building, repair and improvement of the roads and that the state share equally with the county the expense of all state roads. Any public thoroughfare can be designated as a state road, but after being so designated it henceforth must be improved, changed and repaired under the supervision of the state engineers. The building up of a good roads system rests with the improvement of the dirt roads of the state and not in the construction of macadamized highways.

These roads may be improved by cutting down the hills, removing the sod, clearing out the ditches, rounding, grading, surfacing and dragging after every rain so that they will serve every purpose for which the highways will be used and at a lesser expense than the special roads.

## GOOD ROADS REMINDERS.

Good roads never grow—they are made.

Take a few minutes' time and drain that mudhole. It's as much your neighbors' place to do that as it is yours. Yes, but that doesn't drain the mudhole!

Spare the time to climb out of the wagon or buggy and toss a few of those stones from the track into the ditch. Every time you pass over them you fairly grit your teeth with vexation.

The remedy is yours to apply.—M. Coverdell.

## MINNESOTA HAS A GOOD PLAN

Bill Provides That Owners, State and County Share Road Expense.

The Minnesota state highway commission has taken favorable action toward building several trunk highways, connecting Duluth with Minneapolis, St. Vincent, Manitoba and other points. The road from Duluth to St. Vincent will in time be extended to Winnipeg by the Canadian government. With the road to St. Paul it will furnish tourists with a road many hundreds of miles long on which automobiling may be enjoyed under the most favorable circumstances.

Of what material these roads will be built, whether of macadam, brick or gravel, has not yet been decided, but the fact that residents of the counties in both the country and small towns are willing to bear their share of the expense of construction and maintenance was brought before the commission by the many signers to the petition presented.

The roads will be built under the Elwell bill, which provides that the state shall pay one-half of the expense of the road in ten annual installments, the county one-quarter and the owners of the benefited property one-quarter.

## A Seven Mile Stone Highway.

There are probably few cities in southern California engaged in a more extensive campaign of road improvements than Riverside. Work now under way and for which proceedings have been begun amounts to approximately ninety city blocks, or seven miles of highway, to be constructed of rock roadbed with oiled macadam surface.

## Oiled Roads a Success.

Because a superior grade of oil was used on thoroughfares by the city of Milwaukee, Wis., last year no additional street oil may have to be purchased by the board this year. Oil to the amount of 50,000 gallons was purchased, and 6,000 gallons remaining may be sufficient to meet all requirements this year.

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The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

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## The Evening Wisconsin.

We have made arrangements with the Milwaukee Evening Wisconsin whereby we can offer that reliable daily paper in connection with the Gazette, both for \$3.75 for one year, payable in advance. Call and see a copy.

And now comes Prof. John Bosler, who declares that the world is 710,000,000 years old. Why he added the last 10,000,000 does not appear.

## THE PLACE TO GO IS

**Hetzels**  
for one of those delicious  
**BOXES OF BON BONS**

**RAILWAY TIME TABLE**  
SOO LINE  
WEST BOUND ARRIVE  
Passenger No. 3..... 1:13 a. m.  
" 17..... 2:05 a. m.  
" 1..... 9:55 a. m.  
" 11..... 12:31 p. m.  
" 5..... 5:14 p. m.  
EAST BOUND ARRIVE  
Passenger No. 18..... 1:13 a. m.  
" 4..... 2



## The Gazette.

### PLAINFIELD.

R. G. Scobie has purchased the Henry Goult house and lot east of John Blair's School in the Harris district will commence Monday next, April 8th, with Miss Laura A. Patterson as teacher.

W. D. Martin has moved into the Weekler house now owned by John Johnson in this village.

On Friday last Albert W. Walter, the meat market man, purchased the fine residence of W. H. Rice.

Jesse Drew was at Merrill, Monday and Tuesday, and purchased a fine young team of horses.

P. J. Johnson, an old resident of Plainfield, died Saturday at his home in this village, aged 74 years. He was an old soldier and a member of the local G. A. R. Post. He leaves a wife and three children, Mrs. Chauncey Walker, Chas. Johnson and Mrs. Oscar Washburn of Plainfield. Funeral services were held today, with burial at Campbell Corners cemetery.

Thos. Sidel, the young clerk at the Mitchell House, left Friday to spend Easter at his old home at Rib Lake.

L. M. Brewster has been confined to the house by illness the greater part of the winter and during the past few days has been under the care of a physician.

News from Washington states that Shird Kennison recently died in the west, where he had been living for the past few years. Mr. Kennison was an old resident in this section.

J. C. Welton has decided to locate in Friendship, where he has purchased lots and is having a store building erected. Mr. Welton will embark in the restaurant business and will move there as soon as the building is completed.

W. T. Rozell and son have opened a harness shop in the Buell building and will keep a stock of harness goods, also do repairing on short notice.

### RUDOLPH.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Emmet Slattery, Tuesday, March 19th, a baby girl, Barney St. Denis has commenced building his new residence just east of the village.

Eugene Juneau of Grand Rapids has leased his father-in-law's, Mr. Johnson's farm and has moved his family here from the Rapids.

Mr. Wirk has sold his interests in the cheese factory, one and one-half miles northeast of the village, to Mr. Zimmerman. Miss Frazer, an experienced cheesemaker, will take charge of the plant.

Henry Piltz, who had been visiting here among relatives, returned to his home at Big Bend on Tuesday of last week.

Miss Irma Hessel, who had been visiting her mother, Mrs. Oscar Roesin at Congress Park, Ill., returned here last Tuesday and has resumed work at A. J. Kujawa's store.

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Clark are entertaining Mr. Clark's parents from Fond du Lac.

Mesdames Curtiss Crotteau and Jas. McLaughlin and little daughter, Helen of Grand Rapids spent Sunday at the J. J. Rayome home.

Miss Ageline Sharkey, who has been visiting here the past year or more, returned to her home at Wataskawin, Alberta, Canada.

Miss Margaret Fogarty of Carson has been spending the past couple of weeks with her sister, Mrs. E. Slattery.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Theodore De Byle, Saturday, March 30th, a baby boy.

Joe Steinberg has been at the Rapids several days the past week helping to settle his father's business affairs. His father, Max Steinberg, a business man of Grand Rapids, died in that city on Monday, March 25th.

Miss Minnie Meyers has commenced

### JUNCTION CITY.

Mrs. A. I. Voyer spent a few days at Grand Rapids last week.

Miss Lena Skibba made a business trip to Grand Rapids Saturday last.

S. J. Sebora and daughter, Verna, went to Stevens Point last Wednesday. Mr. and Mrs. Harry Rouse visited relatives at Loyal a few days last week.

Mrs. J. P. Barber has been on the sick list. A few Royal Neighbors ladies called on her and report she is much better.

A full line of millinery at the C. O. D. store. Now is the time to fit your head for Easter.

J. Skibba has a fine line of dry goods for summer use.

Geo. Stertz, one of our prosperous farmers, has decided to come to the village to live. He has bought the John Skibba saloon. He will have an auction of stock and machinery, April 4th.

Mr. and Mrs. Otto Goldner of Stevens Point visited relatives in this village a few days last week.

Stanley Havich is much better at this writing.

Farmers, please put a blanket on your horses when you have them tied to a post, and buy a bale of hay for them. Then you can say "Have mercy on the dumb brute."

### MILLADORE.

Adam Paulus of Marshfield transacted business here Monday.

Thelma, the four year old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Clark, was taken seriously ill with appendicitis last Monday and the parents were obliged to take her to the hospital at Grand Rapids, where she will undergo an operation.

Grant Verhuis was at Marshfield Saturday to have some dental work done.

Dr. C. J. Skvor attended the county medical association meeting at Marshfield last Thursday evening.

Miss Phyllis Gebert, who is teaching at Eau Claire, is spending a week's vacation with her parents.

The Misses Emma Kompa and Mary Kieckha attended the teachers' meeting at Marshfield last Saturday.

Mrs. Wm. Weik and daughter, Laura, were Stevens Point callers Friday.

Joseph Lang received the steel for the interior of his saloon and expects to have it finished before the Easter dance, April 19th.

Mrs. Mike Unerli was taken to the hospital at Oshkosh last Wednesday, where she underwent an operation for gall stones. She was accompanied by Miss Tony Gebert.

Dr. Warsinski of Marshfield made a professional call here Wednesday.

Mrs. Josephine Tic and Mrs. W. H. Ryan spent Sunday at Marshfield.

John Hardina of Junction City spent Monday in this village.

John Kulhanek returned from northern Michigan, Monday, where he had been engaged in the lumber woods the past winter.

Miss Anna Kulhanek returned from Madison last Saturday.

Mrs. Louis A. Petersen and children, Ava and Alex, visited at Stevens Point over Sunday.

School is closed for one week's vacation and the teachers, Kenneth Halverson and Misses Daly and Mulroy, are at their respective homes in Stevens Point and Grand Rapids.

Leap year dance at Lang's hall next Wednesday, April 16th. Music by Weber's orchestra. It's your only chance, girls.

Mr. and Mrs. Anton Kupsch, Jr., and children returned from Milwaukee last week, where they spent the winter. They expect to remain for the summer on their farm here.

Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Hardina moved their household goods to Junction City, where Mr. Hardina has secured employment.

Miss Hilda Peterson and George Baker were married here last Thursday evening at eight o'clock, Rev. Johnson officiating. The wedding was a surprise to most of their friends and those that did find out that same evening were not going to be outwitted in such a manner. As many members of the local Symphony organization as could be found were called out and proceeded to the Peterson home, where several pleasing (?) selections were rendered, after which the serenaders were called in and enjoyed an elaborate spread. Mr. and Mrs. Baker left the same night for Johnson, Minn., where George owns a large farm and where they will make their home.

—

Dogs That Eat Crabs.

There are crab hunting and crab eating dogs in Brazil. The dogs are half fox, but they do not seem to care very much for poultry. They have been known to turn up their noses at nice fat pullets and go fishing for crabs instead. The dogs hunt in packs along the banks of the rivers in the Amazon valley, and the crawfish and land crabs of that region are their especial prey. The crabs often put up a vigorous fight, but the dogs have a way of turning them over and biting them in a vital spot just as the thoroughbred terrier polishes off a rat.—New York World.

Too Much For Him.

"Allow me," said the fresh young man in the Pullman dining car as he passed the sugar bowl to a shy young girl; "sweets to the sweet, you know."

"Allow me," said the girl as she handed him a plate of crackers; "crackers to the cracked, you know."—Ladies' Home Journal.

Mistletoe.

Mistletoe is seldom found on the oak,

the principal trees from which it is gathered being the apple, lime, hawthorn and maple.

Made by the J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

## GENERAL FEBRUARY

And What He Brought About

By HARRIET C. THOMPSON

The czars of Russia say that they have two generals on whom they can rely to drive out an enemy, these warriors being General January and General February.

Among those flying before the formidable General February was Peter Apherson, a middle aged bachelor, who

takes a train for Hampton Roads. Mr. Apherson, sitting one evening, when the first faint balm of spring was coming up from the south, on a bench facing the water, saw a lady pass him whose face seemed vaguely associated with some previous existence.

She was walking with an elderly woman, who appeared from a likeness between the two to be her mother. The ladies walked on for some distance

returning, and the elder, seeing the opposite end of the bench from the one on which Apherson sat unoccupied, in

sisted on resting there.

Ten minutes later the ladies arose and went on. Apherson followed them with his eyes till they were lost in the throng of promenaders and still longer with his thoughts. Presently rising, he was about to leave the spot when he saw a purse where they had been sitting. He took it in charge.

Expecting he might find something to give him a clew to the owner, he opened it; but, seeing nothing except money, he closed it again. He had little doubt of finding the lady who had dropped it, for there were not many people at the place and they in a narrow compass. Indeed, the very next morning in a sun parlor of hotel facing the "roads" he saw the younger of the two ladies sitting alone. Approaching her, he handed her the purse. She thanked him, it seemed to him mechanically, or, rather without surprise.

Place in company a man and a woman, both unmarried, not too old, and ten to one they will sooner or later get on the subject nearest to their hearts. The subject nearest to the hearts of both men and women of middle age is finding some one of the opposite sex with whom to make a home. But they discuss the matter in general terms, carefully steering clear of the current, though sometimes they get into it clarifying before they know it.

"Are you married?" asked the lady.

"No, I am not, but I confess I would like to be. I have grown to an age when single life has lost its zest.

I live at a club and am bored there. But what can I do? Marriage—marriage with matrimony—is not a matter that can be arranged as one would rent a house or buy an automobile.

In my case there is a special obstruction. When I was twenty I was engaged to a young girl whom I lost. I was then inecumenous, and her family would not bear of a match between us. My fiancee relied upon me as to what was best to be done, and I felt it my duty to tell her that we should part. My heart remains with her. Should I marry today he esey would compel me to confess that I could only give a wife a companionable affection.

"I am in very much the same situation," replied the lady. "When I met her I married a man selected for me by my mother. He was much older than I and wealthy. I could not give him my heart, but at that time I did not consider it obligatory to tell him so.

I loved another during my married life of ten years and love that other today. Should I marry I should now feel it incumbent on me to tell the man I married that he must be content with companionship."

In this vein they chatted till noon, when the lady withdrew. They met often after that in the sun parlor. Apherson gave the widow opportunity to tell him more about herself, but either she did not take his hints or she was not inclined to give the desired information. One day Apherson said to her:

"As I told you when we first met, I am very tired of single life. I wish a companion with whom to make a home. I would be pleased to exchange information concerning ourselves with a view to marriage. You understand that my heart was long ago given to another and remains with that other today. I understand the same with regard to you."

"I appreciate the compliment you pay me; but, now that I am free to marry the man of my choice, I will marry no one else."

"Pardon me. I supposed that affair had ended as mine has ended."

"The man who loved me has never married."

"Indeed!"

"No, and I have lately met him."

"Not here?"

"Yes, here. Not long ago while walking with my mother I passed him. He did not recognize me, but I recognized him. Returning we sat down on the same seat with him. In order to bring about a meeting I left my purse on the seat."

"Marion?"

"Yes, I am Marion."

There are certain things about women that puzzle me. Why did Marion recognize me, I not recognizing her? Then why did she resort to a ridiculous subterfuge to draw me to her instead of coming out in a frank, manly—

I mean a frank way and making herself known? I don't know. I've been married to her ten years, and every month of this time I have discovered some new feature to puzzle me.

### 76th Birthday Anniversary.

William Borchart of the town of Lanark celebrated his 76th birthday anniversary on March 29th by entertaining a number of friends and relatives at a banquet. Among the guests were Mike Dusek and wife of Stockton, John Lutz, Ernest Borchart, Paul Ecker, Mr. Tashner and their families of Amherst; Dan Hopkins and wife, Otto Borchart and family, Andrew Fenton and family of Lanark. H. J. Flentz of Plymouth, on behalf of the assemblage, presented Mr. Borchart with a beautiful upholstered rocker. The venerable gentleman hopes to have a similar gathering each year until he reaches the century mark.

### Peterson-Skoglund Marriage.

Many friends throughout the county will be interested in the marriage of Miss Esther Maude Skoglund and Elmer O. Peterson, both former residents of Amherst, which event took place at the home of the groom's sister, Mrs. C. H. Sull, at Stanley, last week Tuesday afternoon. The young couple will make their future home at Milford, Jefferson county, where Mr. Peterson operates a creamery. The bride is the eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John A. Skoglund, highly esteemed residents of Amherst village. She is a native of that place and is recognized as one of the town's best girls. The groom's parents are Mr. and Mrs. Peter Peterson, pioneer farmers living near Lime Lake, and is a young man of excellent character and much ability. Until recently he had been employed at the Amherst creamery. Congratulations and well wishes are extended by all who know them.

### YOUR WHITEST FRIEND

### REMARKS:

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**The Cook always feels confident of pure and wholesome food when using DR. PRICE'S CREAM Baking Powder**

**No Alum      Baking Powder  
No Lime Phosphate      Made from Grapes**

interesting lessons that would pass unnoticed by one not a student of art.

### PLOVER.

Mrs. Geo. Smart and Mrs. W. L. Hartwell were visitors at Amherst Tuesday, the guests of Mrs. Lena Wilson.

A. W. Pitcher has bought the Frank Pascavis farm near Meehan and will place it in charge of his son, Herman Pitcher, who recently returned from Nebraska. A representative of the Holy Jumpers, whose headquarters are at Waukesha, spent a day or two here this week soliciting subscriptions for their publication, "The Burning Bush." The fellow was quite agreeable to those who signed for the paper but became quite indignant when a subscription was not forthcoming. By the way, this sect has dropped the name of Holy Jumpers, and now goes by some high falutin' title.



## Know the Last-Minute Fashion Tendencies

Directly from the world's most noted fashion centers, come the details which enter into the designing of these elegant coat and suit models.

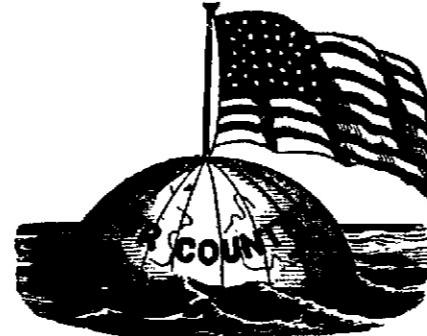
You get here in these new models a correct picture of fashion's decree. And you may be certain of the Style, Tailoring, Fit and Service of any suit or coat in our stock, for each garment represents a real "Standard of Style."

You will find in these new garments the style best adapted at your particular figure requirements and a cloth and coloring to suit your fancy.

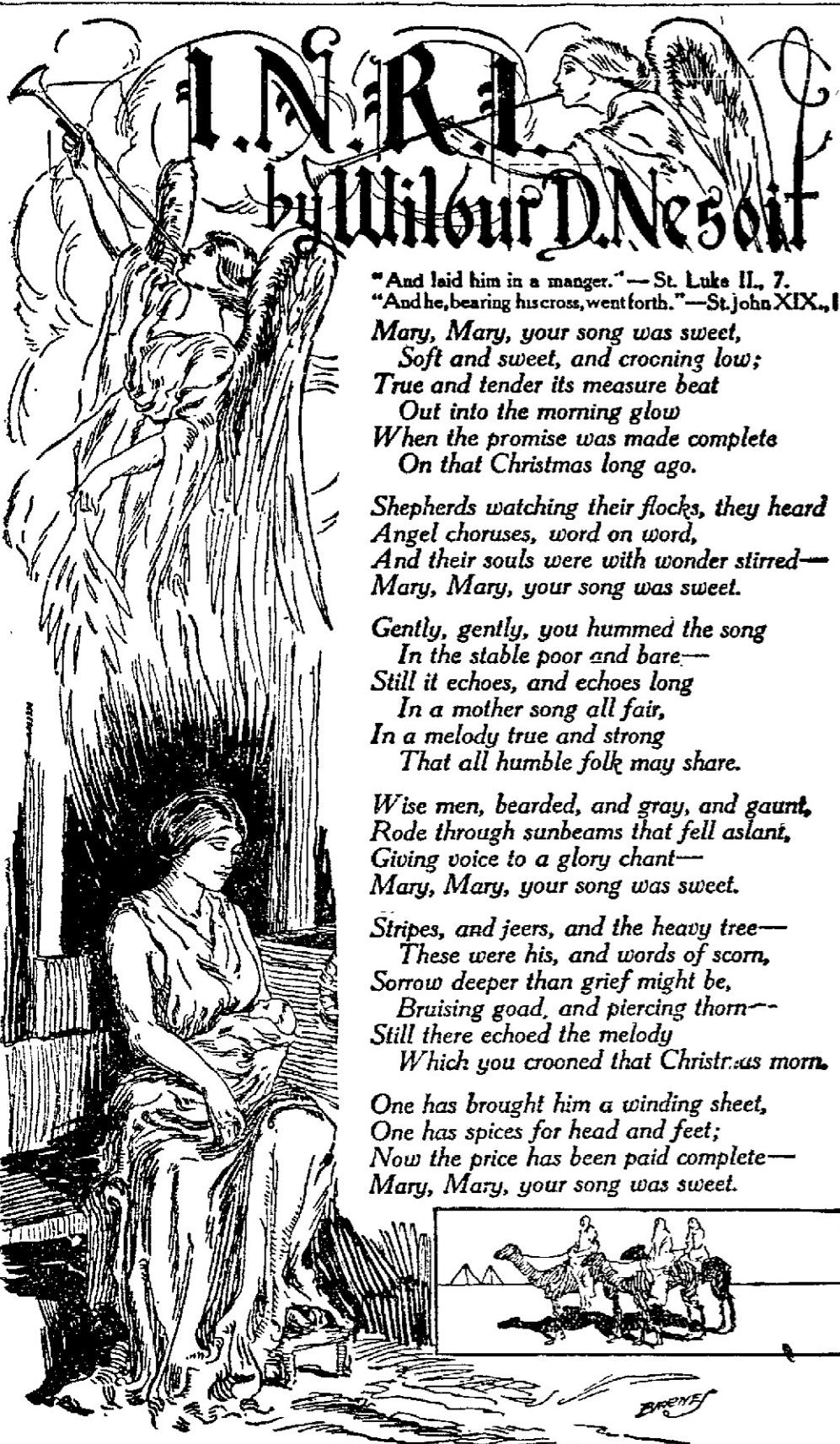
Perfect tailoring is strongly emphasized in each individual garment, and the wearer is secure in the knowledge of being well dressed.

Suppose you look through these garments and select the one best suited to your figure and fancy. The line includes a complete showing for Women and Misses.

Make an early selection to insure a better choice.



STEVENS POINT, WIS., APRIL 3, 1912.



## A Public Proposal

### Story of Interpolations in the Easter Anthem

**P**ERKINS sat beside Miss Lewis in the choir. Perkins sang baritone, and she sang alto. They had sung in the choir for two years, and naturally it was a polite act at the first for him to offer to escort her home after choir practice.

This got to be a habit with him until one evening he experienced a peculiar shock. Another man appeared at the choir rehearsal and listened with evident enjoyment to the singing, and then calmly walked away with Miss Lewis.

Shocks of this sort are salutary to the young man in love. Without them he takes the affair in too much of a matter of course way. He simply drifts.

The drifting lover is not a satisfactory one to a girl. The tide of his affection may be smooth enough, but it does not get anywhere. Women like the ambitious, aggressive man.

And certainly, from the feminine standpoint, aggressiveness and ambition are never more aptly exercised than in the effort to win her hand. Winning a hand is different from holding it as though it were inherited property.

The other man was Hollicker. Hollicker was a man who formulated a campaign as soon as he decided upon its object.

Consequently he had maneuvered so that Perkins had had mighty few moments with Miss Lewis.

And she enjoyed it. No matter how much a girl thinks of a man, she must enjoy his desperation and despair when he sees another man apparently winning her away from him. It is this elusiveness in woman nature that constitutes a large part of her human nature.

Perkins wanted to propose now, badly enough. But he needed the chance. This Easter morning when the choir arose to sing the anthem he looked over the congregation and he gritted his teeth when he saw Hollicker sitting right in the Lewis pew.

Mechanically he took up his part of the anthem, and as he sang an inspiration came to him. He and Miss Lewis had sort of a recitative second part to the solo during most of the anthem. The soprano carried the air and held all the attention of the audience, and the deep tones of the organ

effectually hid the words the baritone and Miss Lewis sang.

Instead of the words on the page before him he touched her elbow with his and softly sang:

"Am I never to have a chance—  
Never to have a chance—  
A chance to speak to you alone?"

She glanced at him almost with alarm. She could not believe she had heard him aright. He returned her glance and again sang:

"I mean what I say.  
Listen to me.  
For I am deeply—  
Am deeply in earnest this morning."

With another glance, of understanding this time, she sang:

"What in the world—  
What in the world—  
What in the world do you mean?"

Perkins waited until it was his time to sing again and then he leaned a bit toward her and sang:

"You know very well—  
You know very well!"

She took up her part of the anthem in her mellow alto tones at once with:

"I can't imagine—  
Can't imagine—  
What do you mean?"

It was the moment for the choir to swing into the finale. The organ was booming and the singers were beginning to fortissimo passages. Perkins slipped his hand under the book and caught her fingers in his. He sang:

"This is my only chance—  
Say that you will wed me.  
O, say that you will wed me.  
Will wed me."

There was an answering pressure on his fingers, and with a demure smile on her lips she answered:

"I will—  
I will.  
But do not kiss me here—  
Not here."

As the congregation was leaving Hollicker came to Miss Lewis and said:

"I must congratulate you on the expression you gave to your part of the music this morning."

"So must I," Perkins declared. "And while you are about it, you might as well congratulate us both."

WILBUR D. NESBIT.

#### An Easter Thought.

His wife's clothes are an index to a man's prosperity," says the succinct philosopher.

"Lots of times they are an index to chapters that no longer exist," replies the man with the thoughtful eyes.

#### Easter Day.

The brook has found its voice again.  
The lark has found the blue,  
The crocus bud has found the sun,  
The sun has found the dew,  
The butterfly has found the light,  
The grass the green of May,  
And Christians all find joyous life  
On holy Easter Day.

## SUMMARY OF A WEEK'S EVENTS

### LATEST NEWS OF INTEREST BOILED DOWN FOR THE BUSY MAN.

#### Washington

The United States senate rejected the Sherwood dollar a day pension bill, which carried additional pension expenditure of \$75,000,000, and adopted Senator McCumber's substitute measure, which is based on both age and service and which will increase the pension expenditures by approximately \$27,000,000 annually.

The right of Senator Lorimer of Illinois to his seat in the United States senate was upheld by the special investigation committee, which decided that the senate's vote sustaining Mr. Lorimer in the last congress on substantially the same charges barred any further proceedings against him. The vote was 5 to 3. Another resolution adopted exonerated Edward Hines, the Chicago lumberman, of any wrongdoing.

By the close vote of 40 to 43, Senator Isaac Stephenson of Wisconsin was declared elected to his seat. This ends a long fight in which there were three investigations, revelations of \$107,793 spent by the senator in the primary campaign of 1908 and charges of the illegal use of money.

President Taft sent to congress a message urging the immediate enactment of a law to protect from private entry and exploitation fields of potash such as recently were discovered in southern California.

President Taft transmitted to congress the tariff board's report on the cotton schedule, with the recommendation that that section of the tariff law be taken up with a view to revision and reductions in the rates of duty.

#### Domestic

Freel Allen, youngest of the Allen outlaws, was captured at the home of his father, Jack Allen, near Hillsdale, Va. Freel, who is a lad of eighteen years, with pink cheeks and light of build, had separated from the other members of the band who shot and killed five men in the local courthouse and sought refuge at the home of his parents.

Women will replace men in operating the cars of the Del Monte Heights electric railway at Monterey, Cal., on April 1.

Acting Secretary of State Wilson confirmed a report from Mexico City that all dependable Americans there were to be armed for their own defense and that other foreign governments were taking similar action. It was announced that Ambassador Wilson would distribute among the Americans 1,000 army rifles and revolvers, on the way to that city.

Operators of soft coal mines in western Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana, and Illinois have agreed to a general advance in wages of five cents a ton on screened lump, with a corresponding increase for day labor and to grant a five-hour workday on Saturday. John P. White, president of the United Mine Workers, has issued an order to the men in the anthracite fields calling out all of the 175,000 men, except such as are necessary to protect property.

The levee at Bryant's Landing, on the Missouri side of the Mississippi at Texas Bend, 20 miles above Cairo, Ill., broke and water is now covering the big lake region in Missouri.

The Newcastle county (Del.) superior court granted a divorce to John Bancroft, Jr., from his wife, Madeleine Du Pont Bancroft, one of the Du Pont heiresses. The families of the couple are among the most prominent in Delaware and the charges made in connection with the case were of a sensational nature.

Two negroes were lynched near Blacksburg, S. C., after an unusual attack on a white man. The negroes are alleged to have forced the white man to drink whisky and then, when he was intoxicated, to have attacked him.

Gov. Walter R. Stubbs of Kansas has requested the secretary of state of Nebraska to withdraw his name from the list of candidates for the Republican preferential nomination for vice-president. This leaves only John O. Yleser of Omaha and Albert Beveridge of Indiana as candidates.

Wholesale coal dealers and shippers in New York city say the coal panic among consumers has practically subsided.

Miss Violet Wade, a talented soprano of Chicago, and John Charles Thompson of Lynn, Mass., son of wealthy parents, ran afoul of the "health marriage" propaganda begun by Dean Sumner of Chicago. The couple was refused a license to wed because of the impaired condition of the health of the prospective bridegroom.

Philip Hichborn, a millionaire in his own right and a member of one of the oldest and wealthiest families, shot and killed himself in his home in Washington. Despondency caused by his wife running off with Horace Wyllie, a prominent clubman, is presumed to have been the cause of the suicide.

Senator Francis G. Newlands, in a message to the Equal Franchise society of Nevada, at Reno, accepted a place on the advisory committee of the body.

William Langley, alias Charles Dean, pleaded guilty in Appleton, Wis., to a charge of forgery and was sentenced to the penitentiary at Waupun for five years.

Fear of a possible dynamite outrage as a sequel to a fatal riot caused martial law to be declared by Governor Deneen at the request of the Rock Island (Ill.) municipal and county officers. A complete regiment of 12 companies of the Illinois National Guard, 800 strong, was mobilized.

A presidential preferential primary bill was passed by a vote of 37 to 1 by the Illinois senate. The bill distinctly provides that the state-wide vote shall be binding on the delegates at large, while the vote in separate congressional districts shall be advisory only to the delegates in that district.

Stigmatizing the primary election in New York as a criminal farce under a wicked law, Col. Theodore Roosevelt made a bitter and scathing attack on the Taft "machine" at a mass meeting in Chicago. The "farce," Colonel Roosevelt asserted, could and should have no binding force on the Republican party.

The judge at the trial of Annie Crawford, accused at New Orleans of having murdered her sister Elsie, through administration of morphine, announced a mistrial.

The Michigan senate passed an amendment to the state constitution granting equal suffrage to women. The vote was 23 to 5. The house is favorable to the amendment.

Three of the principal business buildings in Bellows Falls, Vt., the Union and Arms blocks and the Hotel Windham, were destroyed by fire, with a loss of \$200,000.

The ten-year fight of the government against ten Chicago packers on charge of maintaining a combine came to a close in Federal Judge Carpenter's court in Chicago with a jury verdict of "not guilty." The jury spent twenty hours in deliberating on the case. Three ballots were taken.

The Indiana Republican convention adopted a resolution instructing the state's four delegates-at-large to the national convention to vote for the renomination of President Taft. The Roosevelt delegates held a separate convention in the rear of the hall upon the adjournment of the regular convention and elected four delegates-at-large.

Joseph E. Black, commissioner from Missouri, has made a tentative selection of the site for the Missouri state building at the Panama-Pacific International exposition at San Francisco.

The British miners' federation decided to take an immediate ballot among the men as to whether or not they desire to accept the government's minimum wage bill and return to work.

• • •

#### Foreign

The British miners' federation decided to take an immediate ballot among the men as to whether or not they desire to accept the government's minimum wage bill and return to work.

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#### Personal

Congressman W. J. Fields of the Ninth Kentucky district, who recently underwent a surgical operation, is able to leave the hospital at Louisville, Ky.

• • •

Mrs. Abbie Morrison of Clagstone, Idaho, mother of Paul Clagstone, Republican candidate for governor of Idaho, is dead.

## SCOTT'S SHIP BACK

EXPLORER NOT ABOARD—SENDS MESSAGE HE REMAINS TO COMPLETE WORK.

### TO REMAIN NEAR SOUTH POLE

Will Stay in Antarctic Circle for Another Year—Says He Is 150 Miles From His Goal and Advancing Very Slowly.

Wellington, New Zealand.—The British explorer, Capt. Robert F. Scott, will remain in the antarctic for another year to complete the scientific and exploration work which he has undertaken there.

This word was brought to civilization by Captain Scott's vessel, the Terra Nova, which arrived in Akaroa, a harbor in the Banks peninsula. The captain of the vessel brought from the southern cap of the world the following message, signed by Scott:

"I am remaining in the antarctic for another winter in order to continue and complete my work."

Apart from this message, the latest received from Captain Scott was that on January 3 he was 150 miles from the south pole and advancing.

It was clear that had the explorer delayed sending back notification of his progress until he actually reached the pole, word from him could not have been received by the Terra Nova before it was compelled to leave, owing to the setting in of winter and the freezing of the Ross sea.

All on board the Terra Nova are well.

The present voyage of Scott to the polar regions was begun on November 29, 1910, when he sailed from Christchurch, New Zealand, with the best equipped expedition which ever started on such an adventure. The party was composed of fifty-eight officers and men, and carried along a large number of dogs, as well as three motor sledges, which were to be used in the dash over the great plateau toward the pole.

The expedition, while having for one of its objects the reaching of the south pole, was primarily a scientific venture. The study of geology, meteorology, gravity, and ice formations was to be the main object.

### PRIMARY BILL NOW A LAW

Measure Allows a Preferential Vote in the State of Illinois on the Presidency.

Springfield, Ill.—Governor Deneen has affixed his signature to the presidential preference primary bill which had been passed by both branches of the legislature.

This action by the governor finished the proceedings necessary to make the bill a law. An emergency clause makes the law effective immediately. The presidential primaries will be held throughout the state on April 9.

The house of representatives passed the bill, which had already passed the senate. The vote was 110 to 0.

Taft's name will head the list of Republican candidates. The Taft petition was filed with the secretary of state before the secretary had been officially advised that the presidential primary bill was a statute. It bore the signatures of 1,629 Sangamon county Republicans and was presented by Postmaster L. E. Wheeler, Assistant United States District Attorney H. A. Converse, and Attorney George B. Gillispie.

### SUGAR TRUST TRIAL FAILS

Further Prosecution Hinges Upon Action of President Taft and Attorney General Wickes.

New York.—The jury in the case of John E. Parsons, Washington B. Thomas, George H. Frazier and Arthur Donner, charged with violating the criminal clause of the Sherman anti-trust law while directors of the American Sugar Refining company, reported a disagreement in the United States district court here.

Further prosecution of the four sugar trust directors, indicted for conspiracy under the Sherman anti-trust law, hinges upon the attitude of President Taft and Attorney General Wickes.

### SENATOR GORE NEAR DEATH

Maniac Pole Tries to Kill Blind Statesman at Political Meeting in Wisconsin.

Waukesha, Wis.—Thomas P. Gore, the blind United States senator from Oklahoma, while addressing a meeting of Wilson supporters, was attacked here by a maniac, who tried to kill him with a club. Judge Hamlin, who was presiding, saw the danger just in time to knock the maniac down as his club swung within a few inches of the senator's head.

La Crosse.—According to an announcement made, a number of Wisconsin orators will leave for Maine immediately after the presidential primaries, where they will make addresses in the interests of the candidacy of Senator Robert M. La Follette. They also will go to California, Washington and Oregon for the same purpose.

## STATE HAPPENINGS

Wausau.—The annual camp meeting of the Wisconsin conference of the Seventh day Adventists will be held in this city from June 20 to 30. The program will provide for a number of services and meetings each day, and leading workers of that faith will be present to deliver addresses. It is expected that 1,000 persons will attend the meetings.

Juneau.—Mayor John G. Buchhuber succumbed to death at his family residence here after an illness of one week's duration. He was serving his second term as mayor of Juneau. He was a prominent member of the Dodge county bar and served as county judge for Dodge county. He is survived by a wife and four children.

Ashland.—The health department has announced that it would compel all persons selling milk in the city of Ashland to furnish certificates from a veterinarian showing that cows are free from tuberculosis.

Rhinelander.—The trustees of the Baptist church have extended a call to Rev. W. B. Milne of Grand Rapids to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Rev. P. G. Van Zandt.

Sheboygan.—As a result of a collision between two automobiles on June 23, 1911, Hubert B. Schwan has instituted a suit for \$1,500 damages, alleged to have been sustained, against Julius Kretschmer. Mr. Schwan alleges that he was driving in his automobile along a road in Kenosha county when a collision with Mr. Kretschmer's automobile occurred. Mr. Schwan also claims that both he and a passenger in his car, C. F. Stemm, were thrown out onto the ground,



# MY LADY OF THE NORTH

## The Love Story of a Gray Jacket

by RANDALL PARRISH  
Author of "WHEN WILDERNESS WAS KING"

ILLUSTRATIONS BY ARTHUR T. WILLIAMSON

ENTERED AT STATIONERS HALL, LONDON

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### SYNOPSIS.

The story opens in a Confederate tent at a critical stage of the Civil War. Gen. Lee imparts to Capt. Wayne an important message to Longstreet. Accompanied by Sergt. Craig, an old army scout, Wayne starts on his mission. They get within the lines of the enemy and in the darkness encounter a Federal officer and a young lady on horseback. It is given in his charge. She is a northern girl and attempts to escape. One of the horses succumbs and Craig goes through with the dispatches, while Wayne and Miss Lady of the North are left alone. They see a soldier in the dark entering it in the dark, huge mastiff attacks Wayne. The gun shoots the brute just in time. The owner of the hut, Jed Bungay, and his wife appear and soon a party of horsemen approach. They are led by a man claiming to be Red Lewis, but who is Major Moorehouse, a Federal officer whom the Union girl recognizes. He orders the arrest of Wayne as a spy and he is brought before Sheridan, who threatens him with death unless he reveals the secret message. Wayne believes Edith Brennan to be the wife of Maj. Brennan. She is sent by Jed Bungay who starts to reach Gen. Lee, while Wayne in disguise penetrates to the ballroom beneath which he had been imprisoned. He is introduced to a Miss Minor and barely escapes being unmasked. Edith Brennan recognizing Wayne, says she will save him. She is then told that the man she has confounded is Brennan, who is knocked senseless. Then bidding adieu, Wayne makes a dash for liberty. He encounters Bungay, they reach the Lee camp and are sent with reinforcements to join Early. In the battle of Shandoo, the regiment is overwhelmed and Wayne falls in the hospital. When he wakes, Edith Brennan and Bungay are sent on a scouting detail, and arriving at the Minor place, Wayne meets Miss Minor and Mrs. Bungay, and later Edith appears. Wayne's detachment is besieged by guerrillas. Brennan and his men are held up in the village of Leesburg until a rescuing party of horsemen reach the scene. Brennan challenges Wayne to a duel.

### CHAPTER XXXIV.—Continued.

"Well, I suppose I shall be compelled to let you and Beelzebub go, but it will prove a serious loss to the cause of the South," I said, my thoughts instantly turned by mention of the mule to matters of more importance. "I expect there will be lively times up your way."

"Ye kin jist bet thar will," enthusiastically. "It'll be nigh and tuck, I reckon, but I'm mighty hopeful o' Mariar. Thet dern muel he needs ter be took down a peg."

"Sergeant," I said, "did you send out a party to bring in our horses and the sabers?"

"It vos all done already; der horses vos found und der swords."

"How many men have we lost?"

"Der vos five kilt, Captain; dot vos it. I vos hit mit der ear off. Sands is goin' to die, und maybe Elliott will not get some better; some odders vos hurted."

"How many men does that leave us fit for duty?" I asked decisively, pushing back my plate and rising from the table.

"Dere vos twelve, Captain, mit me."

"That will do," I said. "In half an hour from now have the men ready for the road," and I turned and left the room.

We must depart at once. More than ever now I realized the necessity for haste. I hoped to meet the officer commanding the Federal detachment who had come to our aid, pay him the customary marks of respect, and get away without again coming in contact with Major Brennan. I felt myself pledged to this course of action.

A sentry stationed in the lower hallway informed me the officers were messing together in the front parlor, and I at once headed that way. I paused, however, to visit the wounded for a moment, spoke cheerily to my own men, and then, opening the door quietly, entered the room which I had last left in possession of the guerrillas. With the exception of broken windows and bullet-scarred walls little evidence remained of that contest which had raged here with such fury but a few hours previously. There were numerous dark stains upon the carpet, but much of the furniture had been restored to place, while a cheerful wood fire crackled in the open grate.

Before I three men were sitting smoking, while upon a small table close at their elbows rested a fat bottle, flanked by several glasses. A single glance sufficed to tell me they were Federal cavalrymen, one being the red-faced lieutenant whom I had already met.

"I am seeking the commander of this detachment," I explained, as they glanced at me in surprise at my entrance unannounced. "I am Captain Wayne, in charge of the Confederate troop which was engaged in defense of this house."

A portly man with a strong face, and wearing a closely clipped gray beard arose from a comfortable armchair and advanced with hand extended.

"I am Captain Moorehouse, in command," he answered, cordially, "and am very glad to meet you. Will you not join us? My second Lieutenant, who has positive genius in that line, has unearthed a few bottles of rather choice whisky which we will divide most gladly."

"I thank you," I replied, anxious to meet him as pleasantly as possible, "but I am eager to get away upon my duty as early as may be, and have merely intruded upon you to explain my purpose."

"Nonsense," he insisted. "Duty is never quite so urgent as to require a waste of good liquor. Captain Wayne, permit me to present my officers—Lieutenants Warren and Starr, Second and New Hampshire Cavalry."

The constant haunting fear of the

Major's possible entrance at any moment rendered me extremely uneasy, and anxious to be away. Undoubtedly this feeling exhibited itself in my manner, for Captain Moorehouse said finally.

"I realize your natural anxiety to be off, Captain Wayne, and while we should be very glad to keep you with us indefinitely, yet I trust you will feel perfectly free in the matter."

"I thank you greatly," I answered, rising as I spoke. "My duty is of such a nature, and has already been so long neglected that I feel every moment of unnecessary delay to be a crime. I wish you a pleasant return within your own lines, and an early cessation of hostilities."

I had shaken hands with them all, and turned toward the door, congratulating myself on escaping thus easily, when a new voice broke suddenly in upon my self-satisfaction:

"I trust Captain Wayne is not intending to depart without at least a word with me?"

It was Brennan. He had entered unobserved from the second parlor.

"Frankly," I responded, "I hoped I might."

"Have you forgotten, then, our compact, or do you simply elect to ignore it?"

I saw the others exchange quick glances of amazement, but I answered coolly:

"The latter supposition is more nearly the truth, Major Brennan. I felt that after what we have just passed through together we could both afford to ignore the past, and consequently was hoping to escape without again encountering you."

"Indeed!" he exclaimed, sarcastically. "But I might have expected it. Gentlemen," and he turned toward the expectant group, "this man and I have a personal grievance of long standing unsettled. I have sought him for months in vain. When he came last night to our assistance before I even consented to accept his services I insisted that no occurrence of the defense should prevent our meeting, if we both survived. Now be endeavors to sneak away like a whipped cur. I demand satisfaction at his hands, and if it is refused I shall denounce him in both armies."

My cheeks burned, but before I could control myself sufficiently for answer, Moorehouse spoke.

"But, Brennan, see here," he said anxiously, "surely Captain Wayne has served you well. Is this trouble between you so serious that no amends are possible?"

"None, short of a personal meeting."

"Captain," and the perplexed federal commander turned toward me, "have you any word of explanation in this unfortunate affair?"

"Very little," I answered. "I am not even aware that I have done injury to Major Brennan, purposely or otherwise. He has not so much as honored me with information as to his cause of complaint. However, I care very little what it may be. As he has seen fit to denounce me before officers of my own corps, I should be extremely glad to meet him upon that ground alone; but after what we have just passed through together, I felt ready to blot out these past differences. Whatever they may have been, they are not liable to occur again, nor we to meet."

"They have occurred again since you have been in this house!" Brennan broke forth excitedly. "You are not a coward, but I brand you here and now as a sneak and liar! Now will you fight?"

We stood for a moment in utter silence, eye to eye, and I knew there was no help for it. These words, publicly spoken, left me no choice.

"I am at your service, Major Brennan," I returned sternly, "now or at

such a meeting must necessarily mean to Edith Brennan, and how it would affect our future relationship. This was the thought that swayed and mastered me. I had pledged myself to avoid him, and indeed had used every means possible to that end. The time was none too long, yet my mind once thoroughly settled as to my duty to her, became calm again, and confident in the outcome. When Caton entered, flushed and visibly excited from what had evidently proven an acrimonious controversy, I greeted him with a smile.

"You appear to have experienced difficulties in regard to details," I said curiously.

"There was much unnecessary talk," he admitted, "but matters have been at last arranged to the satisfaction of all concerned. You are to meet at once, in the rear of the big tobacco shed, a spot entirely removed from observation. I have been compelled to accept pistols as the weapons, as we have nothing else here at all suitable for the purpose—cavalry sabers being far too cumbersome. Lieutenant Starr chances to possess two derringers exactly alike, which we have mutually agreed upon. I hope this is satisfactory to you, Wayne?"

"I am not precisely an expert, but that does not greatly matter. Who acts for Brennan?"

"Captain Moorehouse, rather against his will, I think."

"Very well, Caton; I am perfectly satisfied, and am, indeed, greatly obliged to you; yet before we go out I desire to speak a word or two with the utmost frankness." I stood facing him, my hand resting lightly upon the writing table, my eyes reading his expressive face. "As my second I wish you to comprehend fully my actions, and the motives that inspire them. If they are in any way unsatisfactory to your mind you may feel at perfect liberty to withhold your services. I am now, and always have been, opposed to dueling; I believe it wrong in principle, and a travesty upon justice; but it is a custom of the South, a requirement among officers of our army, and after what has just occurred between Major Brennan and myself I cannot

honorable refuse any longer to go out. Major Brennan has deliberately placed me in a position where I cannot avoid meeting him without losing all standing in my corps. I sought to escape, but was prevented by accident; now I simply yield to the inevitable. I feel confident you will not misconstrue these words; you surely know me sufficiently well so as not to attribute them to cowardice. I shall face him exactly in accordance with your arrangements, asking nothing upon my part, yielding him every satisfaction he can possibly desire—but I shall fire in the air."

He stared at me incredulously, his face a perfect picture of amazement. "But Wayne," he stammered, "are you aware that Major Brennan is an expert with the pistol? that he holds the Sixth Corps trophy? Do you realize that he goes out deliberately intending to kill you?"

"I was not posted as to the first fact you mention, but have never entertained the slightest doubt as to the other. However, they do not in the least affect my decision. Yet I do not desire you to suppose that I am at all quixotic in this—there is a personal reason why I am perfectly willing to

feel no desire for further thought, only an intense anxiety for them to hurry the preliminaries, and have the affair settled as speedily as possible. I was aroused by Moorehouse's rather nasal voice."

"Gentlemen, will you please take your positions. Major Brennan, you will stand three paces to the right of that sapling, facing directly south. Captain Wayne, kindly walk straight west from the shed door until you come opposite the Major's position."

I noted Brennan throw away the stump of his cigar, and then I walked slowly forward until I reached the point assigned me. My heart was beating fast now, for I fully realized the probabilities of the next few minutes, and felt little doubt that serious injury, if not death, was to be my portion. Yet my trained nerves did not fail me, and outwardly I appeared fully as cool and deliberate as my opponent.

Years of constant exposure to peril in every form had yielded me a grim philosophy of fatalism that now stood me in most excellent stead. Indeed, I doubt not, had I chosen to put it to the test, my hand would have proven the steadier of the two, for Brennan's face was flushed, and he plainly exhibited the intense animosity with which he confronted me.

How peculiar the mind often operates in such moments of exciting suspense. I recall remarking a very slight stoop in Brennan's shoulders which I had never perceived before. I remember wondering where Moorehouse had ever discovered a tailor to give so shocking a fit to his coat, and finally I grew almost interested in two birds perched upon the limb of a tree opposite where I stood. I even smiled to myself over a jest one of the young officers had made an hour before. Yet with it all I remained keenly observant and fully aware of each movement made by the others on the field. I saw Caton accept the derringer handed him and test it carefully, the long, slim, blue barrel looking deadly enough as he held it up between me and the sky. Then Moorehouse approached Brennan with its fellow in his grasp, and the Lieutenant crossed over, and stood beside me.

"Here is the gun, Wayne," he said, "and I sincerely hope you have changed your decision. There is no mercy in Brennan's eyes."

"So I notice," I answered, taking the derringer from him, and examining it with some curiosity, "but I shall do as I said, nevertheless. It is not any sentiment of mercy I feel which spares him, but a duty that appeals to me even more strongly than hate."

"By Heaven, I wish it were otherwise."

"Who gives the word?" I questioned.

"I do; are you ready?"

"Perfectly."

I held out my hand, and his fingers closed upon it with warm, friendly grip. The next moment Brennan and I stood, seemingly alone, facing each other, as motionless as two statues. His coat was buttoned to the throat, his cap visor pulled low over his eyes, his pistol hand hanging straight down at his side, his gaze never wavering from me. I knew he was coolly, deliberately measuring the distance between us as deadly a purpose as any murderer. The almost painful stillness was broken by Caton, and I marked the tremor in his voice.

"Are you both ready, gentlemen?"

"I am," said Brennan.

"Ready," I replied.

"The word will be one, two, three—fire; with a slight pause after the three. A report from either pistol before the final word is spoken I shall take personally. Be prepared now."

"Ready!" said the voice once more;

"As I saw Brennan's arm slowly rise, I lifted mine also, and covered him, noting, as I did so, almost in wonder, with what steadiness of nerve and wrist I held the slender gauge

blame attaches to her."

"I do not wholly understand," he said at last, "yet I do not doubt you may be perfectly right in your decision." He extended his hand impulsively. "I know you to be a good soldier and a true gentleman; I will stand by you, Wayne, but I pledge this—if he takes advantage treacherously, and you fall (as God forbid!) I will face him myself; and when I do, there will be no firing in the air."

I do not remember that we spoke, save once, while we passed out through the orchard field where the big tobacco shed stood. Not until we turned the corner of the great ramshackle building, which in other and more prosperous days had been dedicated to the curing of the leaf, did we perceive any signs of the presence of our antagonists. They were standing upon the further side, directly opposite the door, and both bowed slightly as we approached. The Captain came toward us slowly.

"Captain Moorehouse, rather against his will, I think."

"Very well, Caton; I am perfectly satisfied, and am, indeed, greatly obliged to you; yet before we go out I desire to speak a word or two with the utmost frankness."

I stood facing him, my hand resting lightly upon the writing table, my eyes reading his expressive face. "As my second I wish you to comprehend fully my actions, and the motives that inspire them. If they are in any way unsatisfactory to your mind you may feel at perfect liberty to withhold your services. I am now, and always have been, opposed to dueling; I believe it wrong in principle, and a travesty upon justice; but it is a custom of the South, a requirement among officers of our army, and after what has just occurred between Major Brennan and myself I cannot

have got an undoubted title to the property," he observed, "as I ate the preceding owner."

(TO BE CONTINUED.)



# NERVOUS DESPONDENT WOMEN

Find Relief in Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound  
—Their Own Statements So Testify.

Platea, Pa.—"When I wrote to you first I was troubled with female weakness and backache, and was so nervous that I would cry at the least noise, it would startle me so. I began to take Lydia E. Pinkham's remedies, and I don't have any more crying spells. I sleep sound and my nervousness is better. I will recommend your medicines to all suffering women."

—Mrs. MARY HALSTEAD, Platea, Pa.

Here is the report of another genuine case, which still further shows that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound may be relied upon.

Walcott, N. Dakota.—"I had inflammation which caused pain in my side, and my back ached all the time. I was so blue that I felt like crying if anyone even spoke to me. I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and I began to gain right away. I continued its use and now I am a well woman."

—Mrs. AMELIA DAHL, Walcott, N. Dakota.

If you want special advice write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential) Lynn, Mass. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman and held in strict confidence.

### LYNCH LAW.



Eastman—Yes, I'm broke! Bank suspended; what can a fellow do?

Alkali Bill—Wall, kain't tell what you'd do here, but out on my way we'd suspend the banker! Savvy?

A Frequent Type.  
Spoonleigh is a connoisseur of happiness.  
How do you define a connoisseur of happiness?  
A person who knows how to be happy but can't.

His Business to Know.  
Wife—Look, I bought this fur coat today. They tell me we are going to have very cold weather soon.

Husband—Who told you so?

Wife—The furrier.

SHE QUIT COFFEE  
And Much Good Came From It.

It is hard to believe that coffee will put a person in such a condition as it did a woman of Apple Creek, O. She tells her own story:

"I did not believe coffee caused my trouble, and frequently said I liked it so well I would not quit drinking it, even if it took my life, but I was a miserable

# WHO' WHO - and Why

## HELEN GOULD TO THE RESCUE



Miss Helen Gould, philanthropist, one of the best loved among American women and possessor of millions, has come forward to save the family fortunes from possible wreckage and to restore the prestige of the family name.

At the very moment when the financial downfall of the family is impending she has offered to cast her personal fortune into the breach to stay the threatened calamity.

In so doing she has chosen to forget and to forgive all that has occurred to alienate one member of the family from the others. She is inspired by her own bounty of heart and by the deep reverence in which she holds her father's memory.

Miss Gould left New York the other day in her private car for San Francisco, for it is there that the arrangements will be made by which the family finances will be straightened out. She is going to look over things

for herself, and is accompanied by some prominent financiers.

She will see and study for the first time the great Gould properties that have their center in San Francisco. With her are a number of eastern financiers and railroad men, with whom she will advise.

Until now Miss Gould has remained free of the financial enterprises in which her family has been involved. Her chief concern has been her philanthropic work.

## HEAD OF VERY SMARTEST SET



Sadness and gloom have been the portion of a large section of the American Society (be careful of the large S.), since the publication of that remarkable book "The 400 Ultra-Fashionables of America," compiled by Charles Wilber de Lyon Nichols, on whose shoulders has fallen the mantle of Ward McAllister, inventor of New York's "400." The cream of the cream of American society have now been segregated, coralled, re-concentrated or otherwise abstracted from the common herd and seated on high in the splendor and dazzling radiance of Mr. de Lyon Nichols, august approval. There appears to be, however, a remarkable lack of invention displayed in the New York list of 300 notables. It is confined practically to the guests who were invited to meet the Connaughts and Princess Patricia on their recent visit. Surely New York is going to the dogs when it can only muster a beggarly 300. Even Ward McAllister, in an earlier and less enlightened period, permitted the metropolis to have a sacred circle of 400. The reason may be that only the superfine ultra-fashionables are included in Beau Nichols' arbitrary selection, and that those unfortunates who are at all tainted with the stigma of slowness, who do not fully subscribe to the modern doctrine of "eat, drink and be merry, for tomorrow we die," are dropped relentlessly. Possibly the compiler's wisdom did not wholly desert him and he hesitated to embark on the stormy waters of the next stratum below, being assured of countenance and support by the precedent already established.

## KING PETER IS IN TROUBLE

Is the bloody drama of 1903 about to be repeated in Belgrade? That is a question that all Europe, including Servian people themselves, are asking. For weeks reports have emanated from Belgrade that a conspiracy has been formed among the officers of the army having for its purpose the dethronement of King Peter, if necessary, by as violent means as those of the terrible night nine years ago, when King Alexander and Queen Draga were murdered in the palace.

King Peter is paying for whatever guilty knowledge he may have had of the regicide plot with uneasy days and sleepless nights. Now in his sixty-eighth year, he is wondering if it was worth while after all, to trade his peace of mind as a private citizen in Switzerland, for the bloody crown of Servia. Through the palace still stalks the restless ghost of Alexander and the King's ears must still resound the echo of the shrieks of Draga.

At the foreign office and in the war ministry all knowledge of plots and conspiracies are denied, of course. "It is a sensational newspaper lie," said one official, who was most anxious to leave the impression that the best relations existed between Peter and the army and Peter and his people. But talk in the cafes, converse with officers to whom you have been vouchsed for or ask any representative of the common Servians, the working people, and one finds little praise for Peter.

"Servia wants to become a republic," one army officer said. "The army and the people are tired of the dynasty."

## RULER OF SMALLEST STATE



By the death of William Alexander, Grand Duke of Luxembourg, which occurred recently, a demure young woman not yet 18 becomes sovereign of that little principality. She is the late ruler's eldest daughter, the Grand Duchess Marie. Luxembourg is a state of 998 square miles in the angle where Germany, France and Belgium meet. It has about 250,000 people. From time immemorial it has been an appanage of the House of Nassau. It was therefore virtually part of Holland, though separated from it until the death of Queen Wilhelmina's father in 1890. Then it followed the male line to the father of the grand duke just dead. In 1907 the succession in the female line was instituted by a family statute.

At a time, some years ago, when it seemed likely that Queen Wilhelmina of Holland, would be childless, she designated this young grand duchess as heir to the throne of the Netherlands and was about to ask the Dutch states general to pass the necessary legislation to this end. Shortly afterward, however, the hopes of the Dutch people for a direct heir to the throne were gratified by the birth of the little Princess Juliana.

The grand duchess is described as an unusually pretty girl, impudent of advice, quick tempered and impulsive—characteristics which greatly displease the royal busy-bodies who are already occupied in selecting for her a suitable husband.

## ROAD and FARM IMPROVEMENT



### EXPERIMENTS IN GOOD ROADS

Present Efforts May Lead to Discovery of Binding Material That Is Quite Essential.

The efforts to obtain a durable binder for road material are not without value, because they clearly show what to avoid, and may, by the slow process of elimination, lead to the discovery of the binding material that is so essential to road making at the present time.

There is nothing yet known in this country, nor yet in France, where a system of 18,000 miles of federal roads is under constant, scientific supervision, that will withstand the double effect of horsedrawn vehicles and pneumatic-tired motor cars. But if there is any combination that will meet these requirements, it is certain to be brought to light some day, and by just the kind of experiments made in Camden and elsewhere, says the Newark News.

In Vermont and in Massachusetts, where crushed stone is abundant, the roads that are made of good gravel appear to be giving good satisfaction. In the first place, they have the very decided merit of being much cheaper than macadam roads, and they seem to require less scientific and less costly repairing. And in addition they are not so dusty as the macadam when the latter has been subjected to heavy traffic and the wear and tear of automobiles.

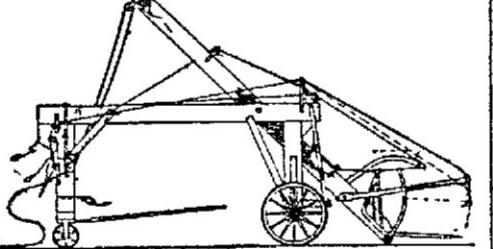
Gravel roads are also said to be gaining in favor in Pennsylvania, but the difficulty is to find gravel deposits large enough to meet the requirements of extensive road building and repairing. Where good gravel can be had the contention is that the state can get better results by using it than by spending much more money for macadam. Be that as it may, those whose memories go back beyond the time of improved road building in this state remember that the roads were always fairly good in districts where gravel was abundant and was freely used.

### MANURE LOADER IS USEFUL

Device Is Arranged to Take Up the Material and Hold It Until Released Into Wagon.

In describing a manure loader, invented recently by C. Eisasser of Manhattan, Kan., the Scientific American says:

The apparatus illustrated herewith in a side elevation shows the lever and connected parts in position there held when it is hauled forward to take up the load, and is for use in taking up and loading upon wagons manure or offal found in yards or corrals. A vertical frame is mounted on wheels and adapted to be hauled by a team attached to the rear vertical post of the frame, the same having a caster wheel to enable the frame to be readily turned to right and left. In front is a long beam constituting a lever which swings vertically in the frame and whose front end is provided with



Manure Loader.

a fork and other devices to seize and take up manure and other material and to hold it as the lever deposits it upon a wagon. Means provide for releasing the fork and devices and for hauling out the material on the fork from the great body of material before the lever is tilted to raise the load.

### Getting Into Hard Soil.

In raising a good crop it must be conceded that traction farming is far ahead of farming done with animal power. It is a well known fact and all agricultural authorities agree that deep plowing and the packing of the subsoil produce a better crop than is possible with the ordinary method of shallow plowing.

It is almost an impossibility to plow deep with horses and the common horse plow because the entire outfit is too light to get down into hard soil. On the other hand, an engine is heavy and strong enough to secure good results. At the same time it is far cheaper to plow with an engine than it is to plow with horses.

### Fertilizing Malt Barley.

On light soils many European investigations have shown that the addition of fertilizers containing relatively large amounts of potash is productive of a heavy grain rich in starch and poor in protein, a grain well suited for malting purposes. Phosphatic fertilizers have a similar effect on the grain.

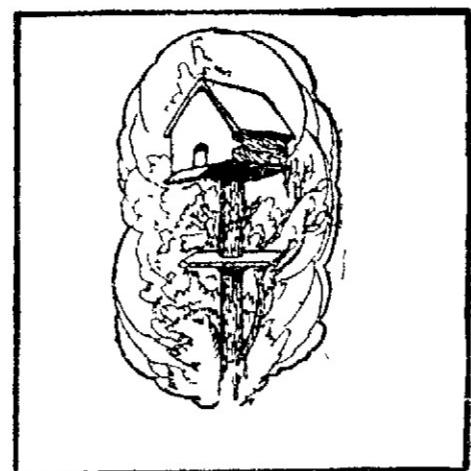
### Selection of Seed.

By a careful selection and cultivation a Kansas farmer produced 800 bushels of oats from an eight-acre field; an average by weight of 100 bushels to the acre. It is all sound and of the very highest quality.

## PROVIDING HOMES FOR BIRDS

United States Department of Agriculture Is Urging People to Protect Native Songsters.

The United States department of agriculture is urging people in all parts of the country to do everything in their power to attract and protect our native song birds. In the winter this may be accomplished by feeding the birds when the land is locked in

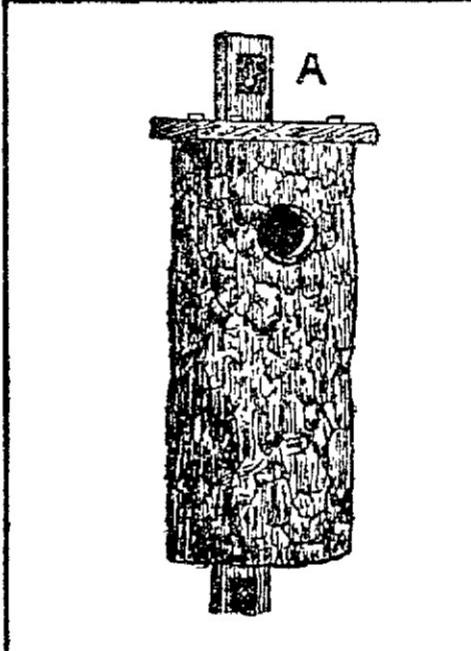


Protected Against Cats.

ice and snow. In spring people are urged to put up nesting boxes where the birds may make their homes and rear their young. In summer these little feathered neighbors need human protection to shield their young from the attacks of cats.

Are you going to join the ranks of the bird protectors of this land? If you are now is the time to show your loyalty to your feathered friends. Make some nesting houses and get them up at once. The song birds are here and they are beginning to look for places to build their homes. It is not difficult to make nesting boxes. Once the birds have discovered them they will begin to collect material with which to line them and make them soft and "comfy" for their families.

Any small wooden box may be converted into a house like the one shown in the illustration. Use thin, smooth boards for the roof. Notice the board placed below the house. This is to keep the cats from climbing up to the birds' home. The other house is made by hollowing out a large tree limb and



Made From Tree Limb.

cutting a hole in it for a doorway. For blue birds make the entrance hole about the size of a quarter. If the box is intended for wrens make it smaller. When doors are larger than the sizes mentioned sparrows are apt to inhabit them. Blue birds are among the most desirable tenants and they have been known to utilize as houses tin cans, old shoes, large funnels, or any other receptacle that is nailed securely to a post or wall.

### Necessity for Testing Seed.

Good seed corn is the key to getting good stands of corn. A good stand of corn is necessary to secure good yields. Owing to the wet fall of 1911 there is now much doubtful seed corn in the country.

One cannot afford to plant corn any year, much less this year, without testing. The single-ear method of testing seed corn is the only practical method.

## Good Roads & Farm Notes

Test your seed corn before planting.

Cold water is practically useless for removing bacteria.

Weeds cause an annual loss of many millions of dollars.

The best fertilizer for the garden is rotted stable manure.

Coarse manure from the horse stable is the kind to put in the hotbed.

Good seed is one of the important factors in the production of good crops.

When rhubarb grows rank and spindly it needs thinning out and working over.

The silo correctly used will solve the question of profit from \$100 an acre land.

The silo is the only safe and sure way and the cheapest way to handle the corn crop.

Generally speaking, the depth to plant should be four times the diameter of the seeds.

Know whether a plant requires a situation dry or moist, hot or cool, sunny or shady to know where to put that plant.

There are very few farms on which additional labor expended in preparing the seed bed would not yield handsome returns.

Rotation of crops is one of the simple, practical methods of increasing the productivity of the farm and distributing labor.

## WHAT INSURANCE COMMISSIONERS SAY

Insurance Commissioner Wm. H. Hotchkiss of New York, chairman of the executive committee of the National Convention of Insurance Commissioners, prior to the last Head Camp of the Modern Woodmen of America, gave the following official notice to that society:

"Pursuant to action of the national convention of state insurance commissioners, at its adjourned session in December last, I write you this expression of views as to the necessity of your order—as well as all other fraternal benefit societies—placing itself on a firm foundation as to rates. An insurance society which in these days does not recognize that the cost of insurance is fixed by laws other than man's laws—namely, the laws of nature—or prescribes for its members either a flat rate, irrespective of the age of its members, or any other rate that is not scientifically safe, is deceiving both itself and its members and approaching the time—perhaps slowly, but not the less surely—when it must fall and its contracts be repudiated. The fraternal spirit is a good thing; but the rates and management of fraternal societies must also be such that the beneficiaries of the last member to die will receive every dollar that such member's certificate calls for."

State Insurance Commissioner Ekers of Wisconsin has issued an official interview in which he says: "Fraternal societies generally have come to recognize that their business must be conducted on a sound basis. This means a re-rating for nearly every society, and members who do not fully understand the situation are often inclined to complain of increases in their rates. They should understand that with a re-rating on a sound basis they have a much more valuable insurance than before. All are benefited by getting a permanent insurance for what was uncertain before. The Modern Woodmen of America, by reason of its long experience with a large membership, is permitted to make a rate upon its own experience, which is even lower than that based on the National Fraternal Congress table, which new societies must adopt. The cost of this insurance is not a matter of mortality tables or rates charged, but depends upon the actual deaths in the society. A re-rating merely means that each member shall pay his real share of that cost. Members who think of dropping their insurance will do well to take enough time to study the question before doing anything which may bring regret to both themselves and their families."

The Chicago Inter Ocean says: "It is unpleasant for the members of the Modern Woodmen Society to have to pay more for their insurance, but let them think how much more unpleasant it would be for those 5,000,000 women and children, or any of them, to be deprived of that protection because their husbands or fathers got angry. That is what all Woodmen should think about."

The woman who shows her teeth and smiles is reasonably sure to attain her object much quicker than the one who shows her teeth and growls.

The Paxton Toilet Co. of Boston, Mass., will send a large trial box of Paxtine Antiseptic, a delightful cleansing and germicidal toilet preparation, to any woman, free, upon request.

Some of the charity that begins at home isn't up to the standard.

**PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS**  
Your druggist will refund money if you don't find relief in 14 days. Price, \$1.00.

**CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS**

will put you right in a few days.

They do their duty.

Cure Constipation,

Biliousness, Indigestion and Sick Headache

**SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE**

Genuine must bear Signature

**Great Good**

**REAL ESTATE**

**ARKANSAS** The Farmer's Paradise. If you want to know about this great state, send for FREE booklet "Facts about Arkansas." There's a message in it for you. H. S. Blackwood, Helena, Ark.

**FOR SALE** Wheat lands at \$25 an acre. In dry districts, \$15 an acre. Good for grain, hay, etc. Write to T. D. Forbes, Bank of Toronto, Montmartre, Sask., Can.

**280 ACRES** Southern Alberta, 160 fenced, 100 sold soon, terms from owner, write me. J. B. Wright, 1725 Height Ave., Superior, Wis.

**I Have Best Land** for sale in Marshall, Ill. Write for details. You will find it is the best. We will give clear proof of title. If you don't buy, we will make the worse for us. If you do, we will both make money. McMillian Commission Co., Saskatoon, Can., Box 82.

**SASKATOON** is in the heart of the prairie. Write for information concerning lands entirely without cost to you. If you don't buy, we will make the worse for us. If you do, we will both make money. McMillian Commission Co., Saskatoon, Can., Box 82.

**WESTERN CANADA FARM LANDS** for sale in the finest mixed farming district in Canadian West. Close to Prince Albert, Sask., splendid market point. Fine Government homes also available. Write to T. D. Forbes, Bank of Toronto, Montmartre, Sask., Can.

**CONVINCING TESTIMONY**

C. D. Kessler, 408 F. 5th St., Mendota, Ill., says: "I became so bad from kidney trouble that I was unable to work for weeks. I was thin, worn out and nervous; the doctors could do nothing for me and my friends gave up hope. As a last resort, I began taking Doan's Kidney Pills and soon after my kidney stone passed and from then on I improved until cured."

**AT ALL DEALERS 50c. a Box**

**DOAN'S Kidney Pills**

"Every Picture Tells a Story"

**WANTED** Everybody suffering from Piles, Fistula, Fissures, Ulceration, Inflammation, Constipation, Bleeding or Itching Piles, write for free trial of Positive Painless Pile Cure. S. U. TARNEY, Auburn, Ind.

**THOMPSON'S Eye Water** quickly relieves eye irritation caused by wind, heat, cold, sun, rain, etc.